

# **NISO Operating Procedures**

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1	NISO	MEMBERSHIP AND PROGRAM STRUCTURE	3	
	1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5	NISO Program Structure	3 4 5	
2	MAN	AGING NISO COMMITTEES	7	
	2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7	Open Process		
3	NISO STANDARDS COVERED BY THESE PROCEDURES			
		Consensus Continuum		
4		•		
4	DEVELOPING ANSI/NISO STANDARDS			
	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7	Identifying the Need for a Standard  Establishing NISO Work Items and Working Groups  Creating Work Plans  Data Gathering  Preparing the Working Draft  Monitoring Work  Progressing Work  Draft Standard for Trial Use	10 11 12 12	
5	APPF	ROVING NISO STANDARDS	13	
6	5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 5.12 5.13	Voting Pools as Consensus Body Voting Pool Actions and Size Joining a Voting Pool Authorizing the Ballot Notification of Ballot, Closing the Voting Pool and Disseminating the Ballot Voting Procedures Voting Positions Ballot Period Openness of Ballots Ballot Reports Approval Requirement and Responding to Ballots Resolving Negative Votes Responding to Other Comments Reconsideration (Second and Subsequent) Ballot  JRING ANSI APPROVAL AND PUBLISHING NISO STANDARDS		
6		ANSI Approval and Publishing		
_				
7	MAINTAINING NISO STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES			
		NISO Responsibility		
		Requests for Change, Clarification, or Interpretation		
	7.4	Issuing Responses	20	
	7.5	Periodic Review and Maintenance	20	

	7.6 Continuous Maintenance	
	7.7 Stabilized Maintenance	
	7.8 Administrative Withdrawal	
8		
	8.1 Appeals to NISO	24
	8.2 NISO Response	
	8.3 Hearing	
	8.4 Appeals Panel	24
	8.5 Conduct of Hearing	
	8.6 Decision of the Appeals Panel	
9	NISO ARCHIVES AND RECORDS RETENTION	25
10	PATENT AND COMMERCIAL TERMS & CONDITIONS POLICIES	25
11	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY & CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICIES	26
12	REVISING THESE PROCEDURES	26
	12.1 Monitoring Procedures	26
	12.2 Initiating Changes	
	12.3 Comment Period	
	12.4 Approval	
	12.5 Notification of Changes	

## 1 NISO Membership and Program Structure

## 1.1 NISO Program Structure

- 1.1.1 NISO recognizes that it needs a flexible membership and program structure to represent the needs of its diverse communities and members. The NISO Bylaws define who may become a NISO member and the process of becoming a member. These operating procedures define how NISO members and others participate within NISO and the committee structure that NISO uses to manage its standards program and to develop its standards.
- 1.1.2 The NISO Board of Directors is responsible for defining the NISO standards program structure. The Board works through the program structure of an Architecture Committee, Topic Committees, and Working Groups, as illustrated in Figure 1, to direct NISO's standards programs and the development of and maintenance of specific standards.
- 1.1.3 The responsibilities of the Board of Directors are described in NISO's Bylaws. The Architecture Committee (see Section 1.3) and Topic Committees (see Section 1.4) share the responsibility of managing NISO's standards program. These leadership committees report to the Board. Working Groups (see Section 1.5) are appointed to accomplish particular tasks. They report to either the Architecture Committee or a Topic Committee.

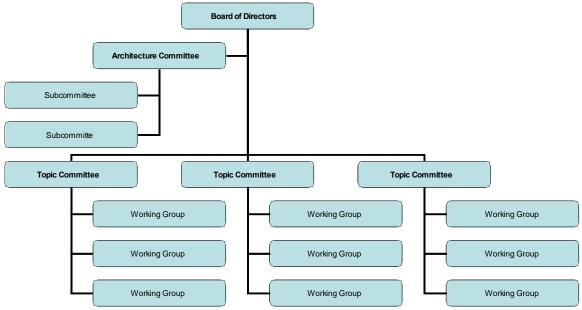


Figure 1: NISO's program structure

## 1.2 Principles and Practices

- 1.2.1 NISO will always seek to achieve a balance of interests and organization types in its membership. The criterion for balance is that no single interest category constitutes a majority of the membership.
- 1.2.2 NISO will always seek to achieve a balance of interests and organization types when forming Voting Pools. Criteria for balance are that no single interest category constitutes a simple majority of the membership of a Voting Pool and that each of the three interest

categories described in Section 1.2.4 should be represented. See Section 5.3.3 for more information regarding balance and the formation of Voting Pools.

- 1.2.3 NISO will always seek to achieve a balance of interests and organization types when appointing Committees and Working Groups. Criteria for balance are that no single interest category constitutes a two-thirds majority of the membership of a committee and that each of the three interest categories described in Section 1.2.4 should be represented.
- 1.2.4 NISO uses the interest categories of producer, user, and general interest in balancing its Voting Pools, committees, and Working Groups. These are defined as following:
  - a. Producer

Members in the Producer interest category may be content or service providers. A content provider is an organization that produces intellectual content in any media for distribution or sale. A content provider generally will own the intellectual rights (or in the case of a reseller, the resale rights) to the content and the right to license the content to service providers or end users. Examples: Publisher, A&I organization, content aggregator, industry or trade organization that represents content providers. A service provider is an organization that offers products (other than content), technology (hardware or software), or services that relate to, use, or incorporate NISO standards or recommendations. Examples: ILS vendor, metasearch software vendor, application service provider, industry or trade organization that represents service providers, seller of library supplies and materials (other than content), a consultant that recommends products or services.

b. User

The user or consumer of products, systems, or services that relate to, use, or incorporate NISO standards or recommendations. The user may be an intermediary between the product/service and the ultimate end user, e.g., a library. Examples: libraries, library consortia, or professional organizations that represent users.

c. General Interest

An organization that on its own encompasses two or more of the above categories or includes a membership of diverse interests. Examples: a professional or trade organization that represents both content/service providers and users; a company that provides both content and services (that are both related to the standard in question); a government agency with dual roles as a content provider and user.

## 1.3 Architecture Committee

1.3.1 Description

The Architecture Committee directs NISO's standards work at a strategic level.

- 1.3.2 Responsibilities
  - Strategic Planning:

The Architecture Committee develops and maintains the NISO Strategic Framework. The Strategic Framework document helps shape the scope, content, and priorities of NISO's programs. As part of this work, the Architecture Committee is responsible for obtaining appropriate input from the NISO membership, the community it serves, and from other external organizations and experts.

- Directing the Standards Program:
  - The Architecture Committee uses the Framework to identify strategically important areas of work for NISO. When appropriate, it recommends that the Board create Topic Committees to manage work in a specific area. This recommendation includes a suggested charter and scope of work. The

Architecture Committee also recommends that the Board dissolve a Topic Committee if that area is no longer of sufficient strategic interest to NISO.

- The Architecture Committee oversees the work of the Topic Committees and ensures the integration of the programs managed by the Topic Committees. The Architecture Committee may also establish its own Working Groups to accomplish its work.
- The Architecture Committee manages changes to the NISO Operating Procedures following procedures described in Section 12.

#### 1.3.3 Establishment

The Architecture Committee is a committee of the Board.

#### 1.3.4 Composition

The Architecture Committee has a minimum of seven (7) members and a maximum of twelve (12) members. The Architecture Committee composition shall consist of Topic Committee co-chairs and other individuals as appointed by the Board.

The Board Chair appoints the Chair or Co-chairs with the advice of the NISO Executive Director and with the approval of the Board. The Board Chair also appoints all members with the advice of the NISO Executive Director and the Architecture Committee Chair, and with the approval of the Board.

The Executive Director may appoint interim members to the Architecture Committee if positions become vacant, pending final Board approval at the next regularly scheduled Board meeting.

#### 1.3.5 Term of Membership

Chairs serve a one-year term. Chairs may serve an additional one-year term.

All other committee members serve two-year terms. Members may serve an additional two-year term.

## 1.4 Topic Committees

## 1.4.1 Description

Topic Committees manage a discrete area of standards work.

#### 1.4.2 Responsibilities

#### Topic Area Plans:

Each Topic Committee works with the community it serves to develop and maintain the plans necessary to sustain an active standards program for its area. This may include a research and learning plan, a standards development plan, and an implementation plan for its area of work. It then manages the work necessary to carry out those plans.

#### • Standards Development:

Topic Committees may establish Working Groups to develop a NISO standard or to accomplish some other piece of work. The Topic Committee monitors the progress of all Working Groups it establishes to ensure work is progressing according to plan.

Topic Committees may convene meetings to advance understanding in the area that they manage or to explore the need for further standards development.

## Managing Approval Process:

A Topic Committee approves moving final Working Group documents developed

under its direction to ballot. It may also approve the publication of a Working Group's deliverable as another type of NISO document.

Maintenance Agencies / Standing Committees:
 Topic Committees identify and recommend the selection of Maintenance Agencies or Standing Committees for standards within their area, and monitor the work of the appointed Maintenance Agencies and Standing Committees.

#### 1.4.3 Establishment

The Board of Directors establishes Topic Committees based on the recommendation and charters provided by the Architecture Committee.

Topic Committees may be merged, divided, or dissolved at the discretion of the Board and with the recommendation of the Architecture Committee.

#### 1.4.4 Composition

Topic committees will have a minimum of five (5) members and a maximum of twelve (12) members. Representatives of NISO Voting Members, Library Standards Alliance members, or member affiliates shall make up a simple majority of the Topic Committee membership.

The Board Chair appoints Topic Committee Chairs with the advice of the Executive Director and the Architecture Committee Chair, and with the approval of the Board.

The Board Chair appoints all Topic Committee members with the advice of the Executive Director, the Architecture Committee Chair, and the Topic Committee Chair, and with the approval of the Board.

The Executive Director may appoint interim members to Topic Committees if positions become vacant, pending final Board approval at the next regularly scheduled Board meeting.

#### 1.4.5 Term of Membership

Chairs serve a two-year term. Chairs may serve an additional two-year term.

All other committee members serve three-year terms. The Board Chair may make initial appointments and interim appointments for less than three years to retain staggered terms. Members may serve an additional three-year term.

## 1.5 Working Groups

#### 1.5.1 Description

Working groups are convened to accomplish a specific mission or task with designated deliverables, milestones, and timeframes. Section 4 on Standards Development defines the processes used to develop a NISO standard. Topic Committees may also establish Working Groups to represent NISO's constituency interests in standards being developed outside NISO, to investigate a new area of work, or to accomplish another task associated with the work of the Topic Committee.

## 1.5.2 Responsibilities

- The Working Group establishes a work plan and budget to accomplish its mission or task. This must include a plan for gathering appropriate input from the membership and the community.
- The Working Group provides quarterly reports to its parent committee(s) on its progress.

- The Working Group uses the NISO website to provide access to publicly available documents, such as the work plan, committee minutes, selected working documents, and public presentations.
- The Working Group works with the NISO Office to keep the membership and community aware of its progress.
- The Working Group reviews all comments made from the NISO membership and any public comments received from ANSI Public Review on all its work.
- The Working Group recommends that it be disbanded when its work is complete, if it
  determines that it cannot complete its work in a timely fashion, or if it determines that
  its work no longer fits NISO's standards program. In the case of discontinuance of a
  standards project, a written justification for such an action shall be sent to the Topic
  Committee and NISO Office. The NISO Office shall notify ANSI of the
  discontinuance.

#### 1.5.3 Establishment

The Architecture Committee and Topic Committees establish Working Groups as needed. The chartering committee provides an initial charter that is structured so that the Working Group can complete its work within six to eighteen months. The Working Group may suggest an alternative charter after it completes its initial review of the charter if it determines that the work cannot be accomplished within the specified timeframe.

Two or more Topic Committees may co-charter a Working Group if the Working Group's mission crosses the work areas of multiple Topic Committees. Topic Committees may also charter multiple Working Groups to address different aspects of an issue.

The parent Topic Committee may disband a Working Group if the Topic Committee decides the work is no longer relevant to NISO standards program or if the Working Group fails to meet the timeframes laid out in its charge.

## 1.5.4 Composition

Working Groups have a minimum of three (3) NISO member or affiliate representatives.

The Topic Committee appoints the Working Group Chair or Co-chairs for the duration of the specific charter of the Working Group.

The NISO Office and Working Group Chair conduct a "call for participation" and work with the Topic Committee to identify qualified Working Group members. The Working Group Chair and the Topic Committee will include representation from those constituencies directly and materially affected by the action of the Working Group. Voting members may nominate qualified candidates. The Working Group may include members from outside the NISO Voting Membership.

The Working Group Chair obtains Topic Committee approval of the final Working Group roster via a simple majority approval. The Topic Committee may appoint additional members later at the request of the Working Group Chair. The NISO Executive Director, at the request of and in consultation with the Working Group Chair, may appoint interim members following the final roster approval, pending Topic Committee appointment at the next regularly scheduled Topic Committee meeting.

## 2 Managing NISO Committees

## 2.1 Open Process

NISO intends these procedures to provide an open process that allows its members and the communities they support to have confidence in NISO standards.

## 2.2 Applicability

Except where noted, these procedures apply to all NISO committees: the Architecture Committee, Topic Committees, Standing Committees, and Working Groups.

#### 2.3 Conduct of Committee Members

- 2.3.1 The Committee or Working Group Chair is responsible for encouraging committee members to approach committee work in a collegial rather than adversarial fashion.
- 2.3.2 Members of all Committees and Working Groups must review and agree to the current set of agreements developed by the NISO Office clarifying their responsibilities and obligations as committee members within ninety (90) days of appointment. Failure to do so is grounds for dismissal from the committee. Continued participation on the Committee or Working Group constitutes assent to the agreements. Violation of the terms of the agreements is grounds for dismissal.
- 2.3.3 Members must attend meetings on a regular basis and contribute to the work of the committee. Failure to attend more than three consecutive meetings, failure to accept or complete assignments, and/or disruptive behavior are grounds for dismissal.
- 2.3.4 The Committee or Working Group Chair may ask the body responsible for appointing the group to dismiss a member for any of the grounds listed in Section 2.3.3. Before doing so, the Chair must work with the member to correct the problem. The Chair may ask the NISO Office to provide assistance in working with the member. If these efforts fail to resolve the problem, the Chair must notify the member in writing of specific reasons for seeking dismissal. The member has thirty (30) days to correct the situation. The member may present a challenge to the dismissal to the appointing body.

## 2.4 Committee Business

- 2.4.1 NISO committees may use face-to-face meetings, telephone conference calls, and a variety of electronic tools to conduct business.
- 2.4.2 The NISO Office provides facilities for a website for the internal use of the committee and for public access to the committee's work.

## 2.5 Keeping Minutes

- 2.5.1 Committees must keep accurate, concise, and complete minutes of all meetings.
- 2.5.2 Minutes must include: a list of meeting participants, subjects discussed, actions taken, work assignments and deadlines, and results of recorded votes.
- 2.5.3 The Chair may appoint a Secretary or rotate the responsibility for minutes among the members.
- 2.5.4 The Chair or Secretary circulates the minutes to members and posts them to the Committee or Working Group website. The Chair or Secretary posts them to the public website when approved by the committee.
- 2.5.5 NISO may provide a consultant(s) to support the committee. This person may take minutes or prepare other documents. This person is not a member of the committee and may not participate in formal votes.

#### 2.6 Formal Votes

- 2.6.1 The Committee or Working Group Chair must take formal votes as required in other sections of these procedures. Votes are recorded with only the number of votes cast for each position unless a member specifically asks to have his/her position recorded.
- 2.6.2 Unless the procedures call for a larger majority, all actions are approved by a simple majority of those voting.
- 2.6.3 Votes may be taken during a face-to-face meeting, a conference call, or via e-mail or other electronic means. Any votes taken electronically must include a notice of the timeframe for the vote.
- 2.6.4 All votes must be made a part of the public record of the Committee or Working Group.

## 2.7 Working Group Observers

- 2.7.1 A representative of a NISO Voting Member or another organization that has an expertise in the work of a NISO Working Group or that has a responsibility to monitor the work of that Working Group may ask to observe the work of a particular Working Group.
- 2.7.2 The representative must submit the request in writing to the Working Group chair(s). If confirmed by the Working Group chair(s), the Chair(s) informs the observer, the managing Topic Committee, and the NISO Office.
- 2.7.3 The Working Group Chair will include the observer in the distribution of meeting announcements and agendas, meeting minutes and reports, and draft documents.
- 2.7.4 Observers may attend meetings and conference calls. NISO encourages observers to comment on draft documents.
- 2.7.5 Observers may not vote on Working Group issues.
- 2.7.6 Observers are bound by the rules of conduct outlined in Section 2.3.

## 3 NISO Standards Covered by These Procedures

#### 3.1 Consensus Continuum

NISO develops standards and guidelines along a continuum of consensus. These procedures describe the procedures for developing documents with the highest level of consensus: ANSI/NISO Standards.

NISO maintains separate procedures for documents with lower levels of consensus.

## 3.2 Description of ANSI/NISO Standards

An ANSI/NISO Standard describes methods, materials, or practices with clear guidance on conformance. The standard identifies normative elements that must be followed to claim conformance. It may also identify non-normative elements that are discretionary.

## 4 Developing ANSI/NISO Standards

#### 4.1 Identifying the Need for a Standard

NISO recognizes that it may need multiple approaches to identify the need for a standard. These may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- NISO Topic Committees identify new areas of work as part of their regular portfolio plans.
- Any individual or group may submit a suggested work item using the form available on the NISO website.
- An existing group or initiative may request that NISO accept it as a NISO Working Group. The group must agree that it will follow NISO procedures and that it is open to including appropriate representatives to ensure a balance of interests.
- Another standards body may request that NISO adopt an existing standard as a NISO standard. That body must agree to make the standard available as a NISO standard and following NISO's Operating Procedures for approval and maintenance.

The NISO Office is responsible for processing of requests or proposals from outside NISO's committee structure. It routes the requests to the appropriate Committee for review and monitors the request to ensure an appropriate response is made within ninety (90) days.

## 4.2 Establishing NISO Work Items and Working Groups

- 4.2.1 Topic Committees are responsible for preparing initial work items and proposing them to the NISO members. External proposals may be submitted to Topic Committees for review and approval.
- 4.2.2 A Committee may propose a work item if it determines that:
  - 1. the item is of sufficient value to warrant NISO's investment;
  - 2. it fits within NISO's standards program as defined by the NISO Framework;
  - 3. the standard is feasible from technical, economic, and political viewpoints;
  - 4. no conflicts exist with other standards inside or outside NISO; and
  - 5. a working draft can be completed within eighteen months.
- 4.2.3 The proposed work item includes a work item title; background and problem statement (including a description of any related standards or efforts); statement of work; potential partners and participation; a suggested timeline for development; and any funding requirements.
- 4.2.4 Proposals for new work items are approved by a Topic Committee with a simple majority approval vote. Upon Topic Committee approval, the proposal is then submitted to NISO Voting Members.
- 4.2.5 The NISO Office circulates notice of the proposed work item to all NISO Voting Members. Members have thirty (30) days to vote to express interest in the work item. Voting Members must use one of the following positions:
  - Affirmative
    - The Voting Member expresses interest in this work item and agrees to be added to the Voting Pool for this work item. The member may provide comments.
  - Negative, with Comment
    - The Voting Member does not support the new work item and does not feel it is in the interests of NISO to pursue this item. The member must provide reasons for a negative vote. If possible, the comments should include specific wording or actions that, if accepted, would resolve the objection.

If the member casts a negative vote and fails to provide comments, the NISO Office will record the vote as "negative without comments". Negative votes without

comments do not count against the new work item and the work item may still move forward if it meets with the minimum level of interest (see Section 4.2.8).

#### Abstain

The Voting Member chooses not to express interest in the new work item and chooses to not join the affiliated Voting Pool at this time. The Voting Member may choose to include a reason for abstention.

- 4.2.6 Members who express interest in the work item are automatically added to the Voting Pool (see Section 5.1) for any action that results from this work item. Voting Pool participation does not imply or prohibit participation in the Working Group. NISO will also announce the proposed work item in suitable media to alert interested parties outside the NISO membership. A member can opt into a Voting Pool for an approved work item at any time until the pool is closed (see Section 5.5.4).
- 4.2.7 Members may also nominate a representative to the Working Group.
- 4.2.8 If ten percent (10%) or more of the NISO Voting Members express affirmative interest in the work item, it can move forward. The Working Group must respond in writing within sixty (60) days to all comments received on the Voting Pool formation ballot by the close of the initial 30-day Voting Pool period (see Section 4.2.5). The results of the ballot and all comment responses must be made publicly available within ninety (90) days. If the work item is approved, the NISO Office notifies ANSI using the Project Initiation Notification System (PINS) form, or its equivalent, for announcement in *Standards Action*.
- 4.2.9 If the NISO Office receives written comments within 30 days from the publication date of a PINS announcement in *Standards Action* that necessitate a PINS deliberation, NISO will comply with section 2.5 of the ANSI Essential Requirements in conducting and reporting on such a PINS deliberation.
- 4.2.10 The NISO Office will work with the Topic Committee Chair and the Working Group Chair to assure balanced representation on the Working Group and in the Voting Pool using interest categories (See Section 1.2). The Topic Committee must withdraw the work item if it cannot establish a balanced representation. (See Section 1.5 for description of Working Groups.)

## 4.3 Creating Work Plans

- 4.3.1 The Working Group completes a work plan as the first step of work.
- 4.3.2 Work plans include a charge, description of the standard or other deliverable, scope of work, work approach, timeline (including proposed completion date), and budget.
- 4.3.3 Work plan timelines typically account for data gathering, development of initial draft, review of draft, trial use, ballot, ballot review, final editorial work, and the development of implementation and marketing plans.
- 4.3.4 Work should be scoped to fit development of a final standard for ballot or a draft standard for trial use within eighteen (18) months.
- 4.3.5 The Topic Committee approves the work plan.
- 4.3.6 The Topic Committee, in consultation with the NISO Office, must also approve any change to the charge, scope, proposed completion date, or budget.

#### 4.4 Data Gathering

4.4.1 The Working Group must develop, as part of its work plan, a process for gathering the information necessary to develop a standard. The Working Group should structure this data gathering plan so that the actual work of data gathering can fit within a three to six month window.

- 4.4.2 The data gathering approach will vary according to the type of standard and the relative maturity of standards in the area. Potential methods may include, but are not limited to:
  - Examining related standards to help understand how the proposed standard might interoperate with those standards or how its use might be affected by those standards.
  - Questionnaires, surveys, or other techniques that can identify who has an interest in a standard and how they might use it.
  - Interviews that can provide in-depth information from potential users.
  - Use cases or other usage scenarios that can identify patterns of usage important to use and implementation.
  - Working prototypes that can provide a way to identify a workable approach. This is most useful when the requirements are well understood.
- 4.4.3 The committee must publish its data gathering findings in a public forum and gather feedback before preparing the draft for ballot or trial use.
- 4.4.4 After reviewing feedback, the Working Group may continue work and move to drafting the standard or recommend an alternative approach if they determine that there is insufficient support or need for a full consensus standard.

## 4.5 Preparing the Working Draft

- 4.5.1 The Working Group is responsible for preparing the working draft of the standard.
- 4.5.2 The NISO Office may contract with a technical writer or an editor to draft or edit the standard.
- 4.5.3 The format must conform to the NISO Style Guide and use the template provided by the NISO Office.
- 4.5.4 SI (metric) units are the preferred unit of measurement for NISO American National Standards. Measurements must be expressed in both SI units and the U.S. Customary Unit (inches, feet, etc.).

#### 4.6 Monitoring Work

- 4.6.1 All Working Groups must submit quarterly progress reports to the Topic Committee and the Architecture Committee.
- 4.6.2 Each progress report includes a comparison of work to date with the proposed timeline. A new timeline must be submitted if there is more than a 30-day delay beyond the current work target.
- 4.6.3 Topic Committees review all Working Group reports on a quarterly basis. A Topic Committee may disband, with a two-thirds approval vote, any Working Group that fails to make continuous progress toward completion.

## 4.7 Progressing Work

- 4.7.1 Working Groups are responsible for moving a work item to the stage where a document is ready for ballot or for release as a Draft Standard for Trial Use (see Section 4.8).
- 4.7.2 The Working Group forwards the final standard draft to the Topic Committee with a recommendation that NISO release it as a Draft Standard for Trial Use or for ballot. This action requires that the Working Group take a recorded vote and that two-thirds of the

- Working Group approve the proposed action. The Working Group Chair must include any dissenting votes in the report to the Topic Committee.
- 4.7.3 The Topic Committee approves the release of the standard as a Draft Standard for Trial Use (see Section 4.8) or for ballot (see Section 5). This action requires that the Topic Committee take a recorded vote and that two-thirds of the Committee approve the proposed action.

#### 4.8 Draft Standard for Trial Use

- 4.8.1 The Working Group is responsible for recruiting usage of the proposed standard. The Topic Committee and the NISO Office will assist in raising awareness and helping to recruit trial users.
- 4.8.2 The Working Group is responsible for developing an explicit description of the commitment sought from Trial Users.
- 4.8.3 The Working Group is responsible for monitoring usage during the trial period and actively responding to requests for information and problem reports.
- 4.8.4 The Working Group recommends the length of the Trial Use to the Topic Committee, which may be from six (6) to eighteen (18) months.
- 4.8.5 The Topic Committee must approve issuance of the standard for trial use for the specified period. This action requires that the Topic Committee take a recorded vote and that two-thirds of the Committee approve the proposed action.
- 4.8.6 The Topic Committee posts the document to the NISO website as a Trial Use standard.
- 4.8.7 At the conclusion of the Trial Use period, the Working Group reviews and reports on trial results.
- 4.8.8 The Working Group must recommend one of the following actions to the Topic Committee within sixty (60) days of end of the Trial Use period.
  - Extend the Trial Use period with the current draft.
  - Release the current draft standard for ballot.
  - Revise the standard and re-release the revision for trial use or for ballot.
  - Release the document as a lower-level consensus document, e.g., a recommended practice or technical report.
  - Withdraw the document and disband the Working Group.

#### 5 Approving NISO Standards

#### 5.1 Voting Pools as Consensus Body

- 5.1.1 NISO recognizes that, given the diverse nature of its membership and the breadth of its standards program, many proposals will interest only a portion of its membership. For this reason, NISO establishes separate Voting Pools as the Consensus Body for each action.
- 5.1.2 Voting pools are created at the time a new standard work item is established (see Section 4.2), when a standard is identified for a five-year review (see Section 7.5), or when a standard is recommended to be changed to stabilized maintenance.

## 5.2 Voting Pool Actions and Size

- 5.2.1 Actions affecting a NISO standard that require the approval of a duly-constituted Voting Pool include initial approval, reaffirmation, revision, change to stabilized maintenance, or withdrawal.
- 5.2.2 Approval requires that the Voting Pool include fifteen percent (15%) or more of the current NISO voting membership at the time the pool ballot is opened.

## 5.3 Joining a Voting Pool

- 5.3.1 Any NISO Voting Member may join the Voting Pool for any action until the NISO Office closes the Voting Pool (see Section 5.5.5).
- 5.3.2 If two or more members of the Voting Pool appoint the same individual to represent them, the NISO Office will ask the organizations to acknowledge in writing that they are aware that their designated representative to this Voting Pool also represents another Voting Member.
- 5.3.3 NISO strives for representation of each of the various constituent groups in the supply chain of information: producers, suppliers, and users. However, as many NISO Voting Members may play different roles in different situations in the process of distributing information, upon joining a Voting Pool the Voting Member shall identify themselves for the purpose of the Voting Pool in questions as one of the following groups (as defined in Section 1.2.4): "Producer", "User", or "General Interest". The NISO Office shall work to ensure balanced representation from these three constituencies in all ballots. If balance is not reached (see Section 1.2.2), the NISO office will make efforts to achieve balance by sending a note to Voting Members indicating this requirement and asking Voting Members to reconsider joining the pool in order to achieve such balance.
- 5.3.4 Organizations that do not wish to join NISO as a Voting Member may also join a Voting Pool until the Voting Pool closes (see Section 5.5.1).

The person or organization must submit a request to the NISO Office with an indication of the organization's direct and material interest in the proposed standard or revision. The organization must include the name, e-mail address, and physical address of the representative who will be the Voting Representative in the designated Voting Pool.

The NISO Office will invoice the organization for the required fees. Fees will be consistent with those paid by NISO Voting Members. The NISO Office adds the organization to the Voting Pool when it receives the fee.

#### 5.4 Authorizing the Ballot

- 5.4.1 The NISO Office issues a standard ballot when it receives authorization from one of the following:
  - Two-thirds vote of a Topic Committee
  - Two-thirds vote of the Architecture Committee
  - · Majority vote of the NISO Board of Directors
  - Direction of the Executive Director
  - Petition of five (5) or more NISO Voting Members
- 5.4.2 The authorizing group must provide a resolution that clearly indicates the action that they wish the Voting Pool to approve and a draft of the proposed standard.

## 5.5 Notification of Ballot, Closing the Voting Pool and Disseminating the Ballot

- 5.5.1 Once it receives authorization, the NISO Office distributes the text of the resolution along with the proposed standard to the designated representatives of all Voting Members with the notification that they have fifteen (15) days to join the Voting Pool.
- 5.5.2 The NISO Office should submit the appropriate document to ANSI directing ANSI to conduct a public review of the proposed draft to run approximately concurrent with the NISO ballot. ANSI public review may extend a) a minimum of thirty (30) days if the full text of the revision(s) can be published in ANSI's *Standards Action* publication; b) a minimum of forty-five (45) days if the document is available in an electronic format, deliverable within one day of a request, and the source (e.g., URL or an e-mail address) from which it can be obtained by the public is provided to ANSI for announcement in *Standards Action*; or c) a minimum of sixty days, if neither of the aforementioned options is applicable. During this public review period, any interested party may obtain a copy of the draft from the NISO Office. The NISO Office will also announce the upcoming ballot in suitable media to notify interested parties outside the voting membership of the upcoming ballot.
- 5.5.3 If at the end of the fifteen days, the Voting Pool is of insufficient size and balance for approval (see Sections 5.2 and 5.3.3), the NISO Office will notify the Committee managing the ballot that it cannot circulate the ballot.
- 5.5.4 If at the end of the fifteen (15) days, the Voting Pool is of sufficient size and balance (see Sections 5.2 and 5.3.3), the NISO Office will declare the Voting Pool closed.
- 5.5.5 Within thirty (30) days of a closed Voting Pool that has met the size and balance requirements (see Sections 5.2 and 5.3.3), the NISO Office will distribute the text of the resolution along with the proposed standard to all designated Voting Pool representatives. This will include notice that all negative ballots must include comments and that any negative votes without comments will be recorded as "negative without comments."

## 5.6 Voting Procedures

- 5.6.1 Each member of the Voting Pool has only one (1) vote.
- 5.6.2 If an individual in a Voting Pool represents two or more Voting Members (see Section 5.3.2), that individual must cast a separate vote for each organization represented.
- 5.6.3 The NISO Office will provide multiple mechanisms for casting "written" ballots, which may include but are not limited to: online forms, e-mail, fax, or paper mail. If unable to submit a written vote, the voting representative may cast a vote by telephone to the NISO Office provided that it is cast by the ballot closing date and is followed within three (3) business days by a confirmation of the vote in writing.
- 5.6.4 If the NISO Office receives a vote from both the primary Voting Pool representative and the alternate, it will record the vote of the primary representative.
- 5.6.5 If the NISO Office receives two or more votes from a voting representative, it will record the last one.

## 5.7 Voting Positions

- 5.7.1 Voting Members must use one of the following positions when voting:
  - Affirmative
     The Voting Member supports approval of the proposed standard without substantive change. The member may provide comments, however, acceptance of comments is not a prerequisite to the affirmative vote.

## Negative

The Voting Member does not support approval of the proposed standard. The member should provide reasons for a negative vote. If possible, the comments should include specific wording or actions that, if accepted, would resolve the objection and result in the vote being changed to an affirmative or abstain.

If the member casts a negative vote and fails to provide comments, the NISO Office will record the vote as "negative without comments". The NISO Office will report the no vote as "negative without comments" when making the final submittal to ANSI.

#### Abstair

It is expected that all members of a Voting Pool vote. If the Voting Member feels that, despite originally joining the Voting Pool with the intention to vote, that the Voting Member chooses to no longer record a voting position, the Member may vote to "Abstain," meaning the Voting Member chooses not to record a voting position. Members should provide the reason(s) for abstaining. Possible reasons include but are not limited to: a perceived conflict of interest, the inability to reach internal consensus, or a lack of interest or expertise to evaluate areas addressed by the draft.

#### 5.8 Ballot Period

- 5.8.1 The ballot extends for a minimum of thirty (30) and up to forty-five (45) days from the date the ballot is issued to the Voting Pool representatives.
- 5.8.2 The NISO Office sends a notice to all members of the Voting Pool who have not returned a ballot approximately 10 days before the ballot closes.
- 5.8.3 If the ballot receives insufficient votes (see 5.11.1), the NISO Executive Director, the Topic Committee managing the proposed standard, or the Board of Directors may extend the ballot for up to another forty-five (45) days. The NISO Office will notify all members of the Voting Pool of the new closing date. If the ballot fails to receive sufficient votes after this period, the NISO Office will notify the Committee managing the ballot, the NISO membership, designated voting representatives for the Voting Pool, and all who commented that the ballot failed.

## 5.9 Openness of Ballots

- 5.9.1 Voting Members' ballot positions are part of the public record.
- 5.9.2 All comments from Voting Members and other interested parties become part of the public record unless the submitter specifically requests confidentiality at the time the comments are submitted. (If the comment is an objection that necessitates a reconsideration ballot, the objection cannot be kept confidential from the voting pool.)
- 5.9.3 All ballots and associated comments are open to review and validation by ANSI.

#### 5.10 Ballot Reports

When any ballot closes, the NISO Office sends a ballot report and all comments including those resulting from the ANSI Public Review, to the members of the Working Group, Voting Pool representatives, Voting Members, and all members of the public who submitted comments.

## 5.11 Approval Requirement and Responding to Ballots

ANSI/NISO standards represent the highest level of consensus, and thus authority. For this reason, NISO requires that Working Groups respond to all comments and make serious efforts to resolve any negative votes even if the proposal has received enough votes for

- approval. This section defines the minimal approval level and steps required to respond to comments and to attempt to resolve negative votes before NISO publishes the standard and or forwards it to ANSI for approval.
- 5.11.1 Approval requires an affirmative vote by a majority of the members of a Voting Pool and at least two-thirds of the ballots cast of those voting, less abstentions and "negative without comments" votes.
- 5.11.2 If the ballot fails to meet the level of approval defined in Section 5.11.1, the NISO Office will declare that the ballot failed and return the proposed standard to the Topic Committee managing the proposal. After consulting with the Working Group, the Topic Committee may:
  - Ask the Working Group to revise the proposed standard based on comments and initiate a new ballot (see Section 5.4).
  - Withdraw the work item.
  - Release the proposed standard as a lower-level or non-consensus document.
  - ☐ Issue the standard as a Draft Standard for Trial Use.
- 5.11.3 If the ballot meets the level of approval defined in Section 5.11.1 and has no negative votes, the Working Group must respond to any comments received during the ballot and from the ANSI Public Review. See Section 5.13 for procedures for responding to comments.
- 5.11.4 If the ballot meets the level of approval defined in Section 5.11.1 but receives negative votes, the Working Group must work to resolve the negative votes (see Section 5.12 and 5.14)

## 5.12 Resolving Negative Votes

- 5.12.1 The Working Group must begin action to resolve negative votes within sixty (60) days of receiving the ballot report.
- 5.12.2 Within ninety (90) days of the close of the ballot period, the Working Group must consider and respond in writing to any objections received from either the ballot or the ANSI Public Review, including the reasons for the disposition of the objection.
- 5.12.3 The Working Group must communicate with the Voting Pool representative who cast the negative vote and must seek both to understand the objection and to negotiate a resolution. The Voting Pool representative must also be open to negotiation of a resolution.
- 5.12.4 The Working Group Chair is responsible for managing this communication. The Chair may seek the assistance of the Topic Committee Chair and the NISO Office. The Working Group Chair will present the Working Group's understanding of the objection and its initial response as the first step in the process.
- 5.12.5 A Voting Pool representative may agree to change the vote to Affirmative or Abstain with Comments, either with no change to the text or if the Working Group and the Voting Pool representative agree to a non-substantive change to the text. Any changed votes must be made in writing.
- 5.12.6 If the Working Group and the Voting Pool representative agree to a substantive change (see Section 5.14.2), the NISO Office must issue a reconsideration ballot along with an explanation of the reason for the change (see Section 5.14).
- 5.12.7 If the Working Group and the Voting Pool representative cannot resolve the negative vote, the Working Group and the Topic Committee may choose to:

- Use a Reconsideration Ballot (see Section 5.14) to move the item forward.
- Issue the proposed standard as a Draft Standard for Trial Use (see Section 4.8) to obtain further testing.
- Release the proposed standard as a lower-level or non-consensus document.
- Withdraw the standard from further consideration.

## 5.13 Responding to Other Comments

Any comments submitted with a vote that are not related to the proposal under consideration are taken to the Topic Committee as a new proposal for consideration and potential action. Comment submitters will be notified in writing that the comment is being treated as a proposal for new work.

## 5.14 Reconsideration (Second and Subsequent) Ballot

- 5.14.1 If the Working Group makes substantive changes to the draft document for any reason following ballot or cannot resolve all negative votes or public review comments and the managing Topic Committee agrees to proceed with the standard, the NISO Office issues a subsequent or reconsideration ballot.
- 5.14.2 The Chair of the managing Topic Committee is responsible for deciding if a change is substantive or editorial.
- 5.14.3 A substantive change is any change in a proposed standard that directly or materially affects those who will use the standard or guideline. Substantive changes include:
  - Changing a requirement level, such as "shall" to "should" or "should" to "shall".
  - 2. Adding or deleting text that materially affects the meaning.
  - 3. Changing any of the technical requirements.

An editorial change is immaterial to the use of the standard. This includes changes such as correcting typographical errors and misspellings, or changing and adding wording or examples to clarify the meaning, or changing informative (non-normative) sections of the standard that are marked as such.

- 5.14.4 The NISO Office will structure the ballot so that voting addresses only those sections of the proposed standard that are revised or new. In the case of unresolved negative votes or public review comments, the NISO Office issues the reconsideration ballot along with the unresolved negative vote(s), associated comments, and attempts at resolution to the members of the original Voting Pool.
- 5.14.5 The NISO Office asks all members of the Voting Pool if they wish to respond, reaffirm, or change their vote based on the revised or new content or the negative vote(s) and related materials.
- 5.14.6 Voting members have fourteen (14) days to change their vote.
- 5.14.7 If substantive changes to the standard were made for the reconsideration ballot, the NISO Office will also submit a request form to ANSI directing ANSI to conduct a public review of the revised draft, for a minimum of thirty (30) days and up to sixty (60) days, in accordance with the ANSI *Essential Requirements*, section 2.5. During this public review period, any interested party may obtain a copy of the revised draft from the NISO Office.
- 5.14.8 If the proposal retains enough votes for approval as defined in Section 5.11.1, but there are negative votes, the NISO Office will refer the ballot to the Chair of the managing Topic Committee. After optional consultation with members of the Topic Committee and Working Group, the Chair may decide to:

- Issue the standard despite the negative vote(s). (All unresolved negative objectors
  will be notified in writing of NISO's intention to proceed with publication of the
  standard and of their right to appeal according to Section 8).
- Issue the standard as a Draft Standard for Trial Use.
- Release the proposed standard as a lower level or non-consensus document.
- Withdraw the work item.
- 5.14.9 If the approval requirements in Section 5.11.1 have been met with no negative votes or if the decision in Section 5.14.8 is to issue the standard despite negative votes, the NISO Office will proceed with ANSI approval and publication of the standard.

## 6 Securing ANSI Approval and Publishing NISO Standards

## 6.1 ANSI Approval and Publishing

- 6.1.1 Once the membership has approved a standard, the NISO Office submits an ANSI BSR-9 American National Standard (ANS) Formal Submittal Checklist form to the ANSI Board of Standards review, along with required documentation.
- 6.1.2 Prior to ANSI approval, NISO may publish a pre-approval version of the standard. The standard will not include the ANSI designation and will be clearly marked as "NISO approved; ANSI approval pending."
- 6.1.3 The NISO Office publishes approved ANSI standards within three (3) months of ANSI approval.

## 7 Maintaining NISO Standards and Guidelines

## 7.1 NISO Responsibility

- 7.1.1 After a standard is approved as an ANSI/NISO American National Standard, NISO assumes the responsibility for its maintenance.
- 7.1.2 NISO maintains all ANSI/NISO standards in accordance with ANSI maintenance options (see Section 7.5).

## 7.2 Maintenance Agencies/Standing Committees

- 7.2.1 A Maintenance Agency or a Standing Committee may be appointed by the Board at the recommendation of the managing Topic Committee for standards that require ongoing maintenance activities.
- 7.2.2 A Maintenance Agency is appropriate if the standard requires a registration process or other supporting infrastructure that NISO cannot provide. Procedures for appointing a Maintenance Agency are provided in the National Information Standards Organization (Z39) Policy Governing Maintenance Agencies.
- 7.2.3 The Maintenance Agency must agree in writing to abide by the National Information Standards Organization (Z39) Policy Governing Maintenance Agencies.
- 7.2.4 Maintenance Agencies and Standing Committees report to a Topic Committee or to the Architecture Committee if there is no appropriate Topic Committee.

## 7.3 Requests for Change, Clarification, or Interpretation

- 7.3.1 Any change, clarification, or interpretation of an ANSI/NISO standard must be requested in writing from the NISO Office. The NISO Office will route the request to the appropriate committee or Maintenance Agency and ensure that the request receives a timely written response.
- 7.3.2 Response responsibility is as follows:
  - Maintenance Agencies and Standing Committees handle requests for those standards that they manage.
  - Topic Committees handle requests for standards that they manage that have no appointed Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee. The Topic Committee may appoint an individual or a Working Group to review and respond.
  - The NISO Office manages all other requests. The NISO Office may appoint an individual or an existing committee to review and respond.
  - Responses must be provided in writing.

## 7.4 Issuing Responses

## 7.4.1 Clarification or Interpretations

If the response takes the form of a clarification or an interpretation, the Maintenance Agency, Standing Committee, or Topic Committee issues a response to the requester. If the clarification or interpretation is felt to be of general interest, it may be published on the NISO or Maintenance Agency website. Responses submitted in writing will be responded to in writing.

## 7.4.2 Defects or Other Changes

If the response indicates an error, omission, or defect in the standard, the response may take the form of a defect report, a proposal for an addendum, or a revision review of the standard. The Maintenance Agency, Standing Committee, or Topic Committee publishes defect reports on the Maintenance Agency or NISO website and notifies the requester that a response is available.

#### 7.4.3 Revision

If the response indicates the need for a significant revision, the Topic Committee, Maintenance Agency, or Standing Committee may choose to:

- Recommend a standard revision process is initiated immediately.
- Save the change(s) for a revision at the time the standard is due for its next regular review or when a sufficient number of changes warrants a revision, whichever occurs sooner.

#### 7.5 Periodic Review and Maintenance

- 7.5.1 NISO recognizes that its standards require regular review to remain effective. For ANSI/NISO standards this review is done in accordance to ANSI requirements for maintenance. For those ANSI/NISO standards under periodic maintenance, this must be started not later than four (4) years after the ANSI approval date.
- 7.5.2 NISO manages reviews on a yearly cycle. In January of each year, the NISO Office assembles a list of standards that are three years past their approval date.
- 7.5.3 The NISO Office notifies all Voting Members that it is forming Voting Pools for standards due for regular review. Members have forty-five (45) days to join the initial Voting Pool(s).

- 7.5.4 If for any standard less than fifteen percent (15%) of the Voting Members join the initial Voting Pool for review within forty-five (45) days, the Board may initiate procedures for an administrative withdrawal (see Section 7.8).
- 7.5.5 If fifteen percent (15%) or more of the membership joins the Voting Pool and balance requirements are met (see Section 5.3.3), the NISO Office asks the Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee for the standard (if one exists) or the Architecture Committee or a Topic Committee to manage the review, including preparing a recommendation for action. The Architecture or Topic Committee may appoint a Working Group to manage the review.
- 7.5.6 All review ballots must include a recommended action. If a Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee exists and is recommending revision, it has the option of submitting a revised version of the standard with its recommendation. If a 2/3 vote of the Topic Committee also approves the submittal of the revision, the NISO Office can then issue a ballot to approve the revision in lieu of the reaffirmation review. Such ballots will follow the procedures for voting pool formation in Sections 5.2-5.3 and voting procedures in Sections 5.6 to 5.14. In cases where the Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee recommends a revision, but one is not yet available, or the Managing Topic Committee recommends a vote to "Revise", the ballot includes a list of areas where revision is recommended. If approved, NISO will appoint a Working Group to develop the revised standard when no Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee already exists. The current version remains in effect until a revised version is approved.
- 7.5.7 For all recommendations other than a Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee providing a revision (see Section 7.5.6), the NISO Office issues a review ballot once it receives a recommended action from the group managing the review fails to develop a recommended action by November 1, the NISO Office will issue the review ballot with the recommended action of Reaffirm.
- 7.5.8 Before issuing a review ballot, the NISO Office notifies Voting Members of a "last call" invitation for anyone who hasn't already joined the Voting Pool for the ballot, of the ability to do so. This "last call" invitation will be communicated within 15 days of receiving the recommended action from the group managing the review, or November 1 if no action is forthcoming. The Voting Pool will be considered closed 10 days after the "last call" is sent.
- 7.5.9 The NISO Office will also submit the appropriate documents to ANSI directing ANSI to conduct a concurrent public review of the standard undergoing reaffirmation review to run concurrently with the NISO ballot. Reaffirmation reviews will be conducted for 45 days. During this public review period, any interested party may obtain a copy of the draft from the NISO Office. The NISO Office will also announce the upcoming ballot in suitable media to notify interested parties outside the voting membership of the upcoming ballot.
- 7.5.10 Voting Procedures

See Section 5.6.

7.5.11 Voting Positions

Voting positions for a review ballot are the same as in Section 5.7; votes are in response to the recommended action (reaffirm, revise, withdraw).

7.5.12 Ballot Period

See Section 5.8.

7.5.13 Openness of Ballots

See Section 5.9.

7.5.14 Ballot Reports

See Section 5.10.

7.5.15 Approval Requirements

See Section 5.11.1.

7.5.16 Resolution of Negative Votes

See Section 5.12

- 7.5.17 If the ballot fails to meet the level of approval defined in Section 5.11.1, the NISO Office will declare that the ballot has failed and return the proposed standard to the Topic Committee managing the reaffirmation. The Topic Committee may:
  - Revise its recommendation and initiate a new ballot.
  - Resubmit the ballot for reconsideration with the same recommendation (see Section 5.14).
- 7.5.18 If the recommended action of "Withdraw" is approved, the standard will be removed from the list of approved NISO standards. The standard will remain available as a withdrawn standard for five (5) years.

#### 7.6 Continuous Maintenance

- 7.6.1 NISO may identify selected standards to be under continuous maintenance rather than periodic maintenance (see Section 7.5). Such standards must have an appointed Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee in place.
- 7.6.2 Each standard under continuous maintenance must have a standard-specific procedure that defines: 1) the Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee that is responsible for the standard's continuous maintenance; 2) the schedule for and method by which the Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee will review comments and change proposals and determine their disposition; and 3) the program for periodic publication of revisions.
- 7.6.3 A standard may be changed to continuous maintenance, with the approval of the standard-specific procedure, by 1) the Maintenance Agency, if one exists, or a 2/3 approval of the Standing Committee, and 2) a 2/3 approval of the Topic Committee.
- 7.6.4 Continuously maintained standards will be identified as such on the NISO website listing for the standard and in the published standard. The website and the standard will also indicate that the standard is always open for comments and will explain how comments can be submitted.
- 7.6.5 When a sufficient number of changes have been accumulated, or when the standard has reached its five-year review period, whichever comes first, a revision of the standard will be prepared by the responsible Maintenance Agency or Standing Committee and forwarded to the Topic Committee with a recommendation that NISO release it for ballot. This action requires that the Working Group take a recorded vote and that two-thirds of the Working Group approve the proposed action. The Working Group Chair must include any dissenting votes in the report to the Topic Committee.
- 7.6.6 The Topic Committee must approve the release of the standard for ballot (see Section 5). This action requires that the Topic Committee take a recorded vote and that two-thirds of the Committee approve the proposed action.

7.6.7 Following Topic Committee for approval to ballot as a revision, the NISO Office will form a Voting Pool as described in Section 5.5 and conduct a ballot as described in Sections 5.6 to 5.14.

#### 7.7 Stabilized Maintenance

- 7.7.1 NISO may identify selected standards to be under stabilized maintenance, subject to review on a 10-year cycle, rather than on a 5-year cycle as under periodic maintenance (see Section 7.5). Such standards must meet the following criteria:
  - the standard addresses mature technology or practices, and as a result, is not likely to require revision; and
  - the standard currently holds the status of American National Standard and has been reaffirmed at least once; and
  - at least ten years have passed since the initial approval or last revision of the standard as an ANS; and
  - the standard is required for use in connection with existing implementations or for reference purposes.
- 7.7.2 A standard may be changed to stabilized maintenance with the recommendation of 1) the Maintenance Agency or a 2/3 approval of the Standing Committee (if either exists), and 2) a 2/3 approval of the Topic Committee. Following this recommendation, the NISO Office will submit the standard to Voting Members for approval as stabilized maintenance following the procedures for creation of Voting Pools and reviews as described in Section 5.5 and conduct a ballot as described in Sections 5.6 to 5.14.
- 7.7.3 Standards managed under stabilized maintenance will be identified as such on the NISO website listing for the standard and in the published standard. The website and the standard will also indicate that the standard is always open for comments and will explain how comments can be submitted. If a materially affected and interested party recommends at any time that such a standard requires revision or should be withdrawn, this recommendation will be considered in the same manner as a new work item proposal as described in Section 4.1. Responses will be supplied within 60 days of the receipt of the recommendation.
- 7.7.4 On a ten-year cycle the Maintenance Agency or Topic Committee, as applicable, will review the status of the standard and recommend whether it should continue to be under stabilized maintenance, put under periodic maintenance, or withdrawn. If it is determined in connection that the standard shall continue to be maintained under the stabilized maintenance option, or withdrawn, then this shall be communicated to ANSI via the submittal of an informational announcement. If the standard is to be revised, the NISO Office will submit the standard to Voting Members for approval following the procedures for creation of Voting Pools as described in Section 5.5 and conduct a ballot as described in Sections 5.6 to 5.14 and notify ANSI via a PINS.

#### 7.8 Administrative Withdrawal

- 7.8.1 The Board may initiate an administrative withdrawal of a standard if it fails to receive a sufficient number of Voting Members joining the Voting Pool during a regular review (see Section 7.5).
- 7.8.2 The Board will notify ANSI and the Voting Members of the intent to administratively withdraw a standard due to insufficient use and interest.
- 7.8.3 Public review and comment on the proposed withdrawal will be conducted for a period of forty-five (45) days.

- 7.8.4 Following the public review period, the Board may choose to:
  - 1. Initiate a ballot for reaffirmation if sufficient use and interest has been shown.
  - Refer the standard to the relevant Topic Committee to develop a revision if comments indicate one is warranted.
  - 3. Withdraw the standard with a two-thirds approval vote by the Board.
- 7.8.5 If the Board cannot agree on an action, the NISO Office will include the standard on the reaffirmation list in the next year.

## 8 The Appeals Process

## 8.1 Appeals to NISO

- 8.1.1 People or organizations with directly and materially affected interests who believe they have been or will be adversely affected by a consensus document within the jurisdiction of NISO have the right to appeal procedural actions or inactions of NISO.
- 8.1.2 Final release of the standard that is the subject of the appeal is suspended until the appeals process is concluded.
- 8.1.3 Following a subsequent or reconsideration ballot (see Section 5.14) the NISO Office will notify in writing all those with unresolved negative votes and all who submitted unresolved public review comments of the right of appeal and requirements regarding alerting the NISO Office of the intent to appeal. All appellants have ten (10) days from the moment of notification of the right to appeal to in turn notify the NISO Office in writing of an intent to file an appeal.
- 8.1.4 The appellant must send a written complaint to the NISO Office within thirty (30) days after the date of notification of the right to appeal or at any time with respect to inaction.
- 8.1.5 The appeal must state the nature of the objection(s), including any adverse effects; the section(s) of these procedures or the consensus document at issue; actions or inactions at issue; and the specific remedial action(s) that would satisfy the appellant's concerns. Previous efforts to resolve the objection(s) and the outcome of each must be noted.

## 8.2 NISO Response

The Chair of the NISO Board of Directors or designated representative must respond in writing (including electronic communications) to the appellant within thirty (30) days of receiving the written complaint, specifically addressing each allegation of fact in the complaint to the extent of the respondent's knowledge.

#### 8.3 Hearing

If the appellant and the respondent are unable to resolve the written complaint informally in a manner consistent with these procedures, the Executive Director will schedule a hearing with an appeals panel (see Section 8.4) on a date agreeable to all participants, giving at least ten (10) working days notice.

## 8.4 Appeals Panel

The appeals panel must consist of three (3) individuals who have not been directly involved in the same matter in dispute, and who will not be materially or directly affected by any decision made or to be made in the dispute. At least two (2) members of the appeals panel

must be acceptable to the appellant and at least two (2) must be acceptable to the respondent. The appeals panel selects one (1) of its members to act as Chair.

## 8.5 Conduct of Hearing

The appellant has the burden of demonstrating adverse effects, improper actions or inactions, and/or the efficacy of the requested remedial action. The respondent has the burden of demonstrating that NISO took all actions in compliance with these procedures and/or that the requested remedial action would be ineffective or detrimental. Each party may present other pertinent arguments. Members of the appeals panel may address questions to individuals.

## 8.6 Decision of the Appeals Panel

- 8.6.1 The appeals panel must render its decision in writing within thirty (30) days of the hearing, stating findings of fact and conclusions, with reasons for the conclusions. The written opinion will be provided to the appellant.
- 8.6.2 The appeals panel may consider the following positions, among others, in formulating the decision:
  - 1. Finding for the appellant, remanding the action to NISO with a specific statement of the issues and facts in regard to which fair and equitable action was not taken.
  - 2. Finding for the NISO respondent, with a specific statement of the facts that demonstrate fair and equitable treatment of the appellant's objection.
  - 3. Finding that new, substantive evidence has been introduced, and remanding the entire action to NISO for appropriate consideration.

## 9 NISO Archives and Records Retention

- **9.1** The NISO Office maintains documentation on the development of all NISO Standards, including committee records, correspondence, and meeting minutes, in the NISO Office, in NISO-controlled computer systems, or at the designated offsite NISO archives.
- **9.2** For new, revised or reaffirmed American National Standards maintained under the periodic maintenance option, records shall be retained for one complete standards cycle, or until the standard is revised.
- **9.3** For new, revised or reaffirmed American National Standards maintained under the continuous maintenance option, records shall be retained for a minimum of five (5) years or until approval of the subsequent revision or reaffirmation of the complete standard.
- **9.4** For American National Standards maintained under the stabilized maintenance option, records shall be retained until the standard is reaffirmed, revised, or subsequently reviewed in connection with the stabilized maintenance of the standard as an ANS.

**9.5** For withdrawn American National Standards, records shall be retained for at least five years from the date of withdrawal.

#### 10 Patent and Commercial Terms & Conditions Policies

NISO standards are developed and published in compliance with ANSI's Patent Policy and Commercial Terms & Conditions Policy.

## 11 Intellectual Property & Conflict of Interest Policies

NISO standards are developed and published in compliance with NISO's Intellectual Property Policy and Conflict of Interest Policy.

## 12 Revising These Procedures

## 12.1 Monitoring Procedures

The Architecture Committee is responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of these procedures and recommending changes.

## 12.2 Initiating Changes

The NISO Office will initiate proposed changes authorized by any one of the following:

- A majority vote of the Board of Directors
- A majority vote of the Architecture Committee
- A petition from five percent (5%) of the Voting Members

#### 12.3 Comment Period

- 12.3.1 The NISO Office will notify all Voting Members of the proposed changes.
- 12.3.2 Voting Members have forty-five (45) days to comment.
- 12.3.3 After the 45-day period, the NISO Office will forward all comments to the group proposing the change. The proposing group must provide responses to all substantive comments within thirty (30) days.
- 12.3.4 The group proposing the change may revise the proposed changes based on comments. It may ask the NISO Office to offer another comment period.

## 12.4 Approval

- 12.4.1 The group proposing the change must forward the proposed changes with a summary of comments received and any responses to the Board of Directors for final approval.
- 12.4.2 Approval requires a two-thirds vote of the Board of Directors.

## 12.5 Notification of Changes

The NISO Office will notify all members when the procedures have changed and provide information on the accessibility of the revised procedures.