Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set UCS

ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2/IRG N2448

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Source:	Jaemin Chung
Title:	T source issues for U+3777 and U+6AC0
Status:	Individual contribution
Action required:	To be considered by the IRG
Pages:	5

1. T3-3B22 at U+3777 尋

The following is the glyph for T3-3B22 at U+3777 尋 in the current code chart:



And this is the same as U+21B36 尋:



However, that is **not** how T3-3B22 originally was.

Excerpt from ISO/IEC 10646-1:2000

055/119 **3777** 3-3B22 3-2702 The 丸 was changed to Λ in Unicode 6.0.



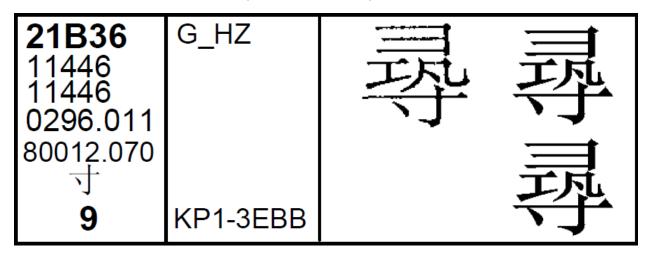
The CNS 11643 website shows the form with 丸 for 明體 and 楷體, but the form with Ω for 宋體. This means that the current 宋體 glyph is incorrectly designed.

http://www.cns11643.gov.tw/wordView.jsp?ID=211746



On the other hand, U+21B36 has been the form with $\[Pi]$ from the beginning.

Excerpt from IRG N802 SuperCJK 14.0



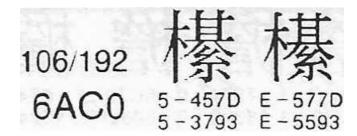
Conclusion: The Λ in T3-3B22 at U+3777 尋 must be reverted to 丸.

The following is the glyph for T3-577D at U+6ACO 櫀 in the current code chart:



The following excerpt shows the original T glyph:

Excerpt from ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993



Excerpt from Unicode 5.2 (October 2009)

Excerpt from Unicode 6.0 (October 2010)

6AC0 木 75.14



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http://www.cns11643.gov.tw/wordView.jsp?ID=219005



Either one of the following actions must be taken.

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