#### IRGN2223 IRG Working Set 2015 Version 4.0 (Additional Review) (TCA Characters)

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Pages: 88

#### 1. Introduction

This document is a review of TCA's characters.

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**Section 2:** 7 glyphs for unification (via IVD) for the consistent treatment of rare variants, typically those found on tombstones, in WS2015.

**Section 3:** 9 glyphs for unifications covered by existing UCV rules or existing unification example in the URO or historical precedent.

**Section 4:** 1 character which TCA should object to unification and move back from postponed set to M-set.

**Section 5:** 12 characters with glyph design, normalization, and attribute comments.

### **Appendix I: (Page 19 – 88)**

Probable unifications which could be conducted by IRG, but are generally not unified under the current rules in the PnP for WS2015, or a lack of existing UCV.

Unifications are one of the following:

- (1) tombstone variants not in general circulation where clear shape deformation is observed and proved by authoritative source; or-
- (2) vulgar variants where similar in-between shapes are provided in the member body's evidence; or-
- (3) alternative transliterations of Li-shu glyphs transliterated by actual shape of Li-shu grapheme instead of by each semantic component or a group of semantic components, typically transliterations not in general circulation and/or inconsistent in its transliteration methodology; or-
- (4) minor variations commonly found in calligraphy.

The probable unifications are suggested based only on the evidence provided. It is possible some of them may actually be specialized semantic variants of, or even non-cognate with, the identified base characters. Further study is needed. The unifications in category (1) - (3) are included for informative purposes only and are generally not expected to be discussed during IRG#49. The unifications in category (4) may be selected by the member body(s) for extra discussion in IRG#49.

# 2. Suggested Unifications for Consistency

# 2.1 亡 / 亾

Suggest to Unify 01921 with U+23C45 via IVD, for consistency with 02722:

01921	T13-2C48	Unification	23C45 氏 83.4
02722	T13-2F23	UNIFIED in IRG #48	U+76F2 盲, add to ivd, irg48.

2.2 曾 Reconsider unification to 曾 (U+66FE) or 曽 (U+66FD) via IVD for consistency with the treatment of 02154 and

05084	T13-3156	Unification	Reconsider IVD to 曾 (U+66FE) or 曽 (U+66FD).  Discussion Record: not unified to U+66FE/U+66FD 曾/曽, irg48.
02154	大 元 T13-2032	UNIFIED	86 火   大   大   大   T13-2032   U+706E(発), add to ivd, irg48.
02573	当 TB-6244	UNIFIED	102 田 02573 日本語 9 14 日 U+7576 當, add to ivd, irg48.

This character 05084 can be easily confused with 兽 (U+517D), which is the simplified form of 嘼 (U+563C) / 獸 (U+7378), so it may be confusing to the general public for 05084 to be encoded as a new character.

Since 05084 comes from 《偏類碑別字》, it may be more suitable to be encoded as IVD to 曾 (U+66FE) or 曽 (U+66FD).

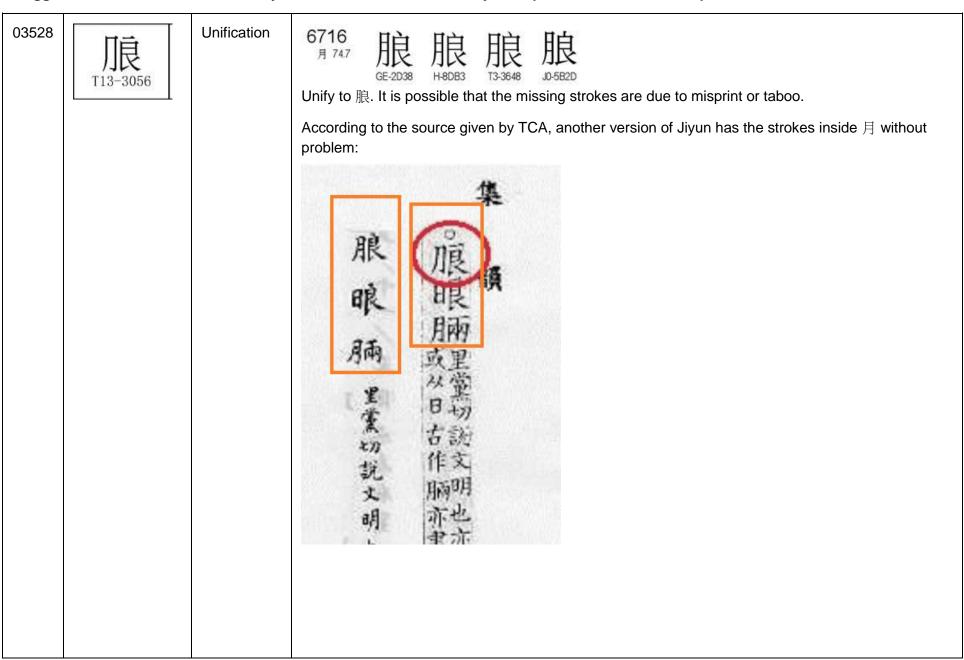


02723	<u>I</u>	Unification	IVD to 直.
02728	<u> </u>	Unification	IVD to 直. Prior discussion record: not unified to U+76F4, irg48.
02724	直 T13-2F27	Unification	IVD to 直.  Prior discussion record: not unified to U+76F4, irg48.
03996	<u></u> 直 T13-3127	Unification	IVD to 真.
02736	真 T13-2F2C	UNIFIED	109 目
02743	<b>美</b> T13-2F2E	UNIFIED	109 目   109 I   109

2.4 皐 According to the treatment of 02081, and according to UCV, 03995 should be unified to U+4765 instead of disunified.

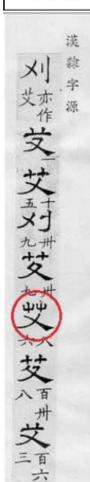
03995	<b>家</b> T13-3126	Unification	Unify with U+4765. Existing discussion record: not unified to U+4765, irg47. pending unified to U+4765, irg46.  Also refer to UCV #272:
02081	事 TB-7142	UNIFIED	85 水   11   14   TB-7142   Unified by U+23F4E (UCV), irg47. unified by U+23F4E, irg46.

## 3 Suggested Unifications as covered by UCV or otherwise unifiable by example in URO or historical precedent



03543





Unification

Consider IVD to U+827E.



Even though the unification of  $\Psi^{++}$  is an NUCV rule (Rule #404), besides  $\Psi$  and  $\Psi^{++}$  proper, existing dis-unifications are all in Extension B, 5 are due to disunification of multiple head characters in GKX/GHZ, and 1 is disunification of GKX with TF character.

However, in URO, there is a unification example, U+2F994 is unified to U+82B3 as a compatibility variant:



There are a lot of cases of characters related to grass written with the complex form 艸 in the Li-shu script that are still being used, such as 茶匠清水一芳園:



(← shop sign in Tuen Mun, Hong Kong)

Would it be necessary to encode such glyphs as separate characters? Does the general public recognize them as a different character to the more common forms? I do not think so. I think the general public will at most only recognize this as a Li-shu style form.

03763	<u></u> 在 T13-3070	Unification	76C7 回 108.4
02718	早 T13-2F21	Unification	5177 八 126 □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

02309	作 T13-2D59	Unification	795E 京 113.5 中
03542	T13-305A	Unification	Should be UNIFIED TO 艾 (U+827E) Reference 03604, 03546  140

02789	<b>滕</b> T13-2F38	Unification	Should be Unified to U+77C7.  Refer to UCV #371  371 · unifiable 蒙蒙
02031	溥 T13-2078	Editorial error / Unification	This character should have been concluded to be unified to 溥 (U+6EA5) by UCV rule #68 within IRG #47. It should not be pending IVS research for IRG #47 to 溥 (U+6F19) and it should not be unified to 溥 (U+6F19) either.
02270	氏 TE-6F6B	Unification	Unify to 瞧(U+2D9ED).  Even though there is a difference in structure, the extension of bottom fire component has typically been ignored by IRG.  Refer to the unification of 蘸 (U+8638)  8638  H 140.19  G0-553A HB1-C5D9 T1-7C45 J13-7B4C K2-5A79 V2-8F5C  as well as the unification of 蘸 (U+77A7) and □ (U+FA9D)  77A7 □ 109.12 □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

## 4 Characters which should not be unified:

02462 is currently in the Postponed list for unification to 02465. It should *NOT* be unified to 02465.

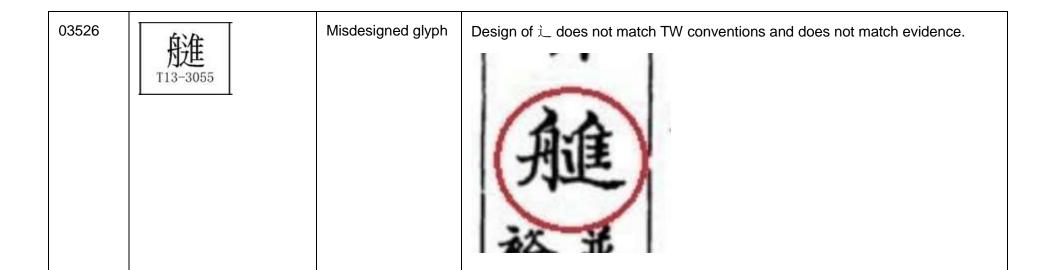
02462	王 <b>河</b> T13-2E21	Disunification	Do not unify to 02465.  Although \( \text{in} \) and \( \text{in} \) may be considered variants, 02465 is the derivative simplified form of \( \text{in} \), while 02462 is the corruption of \( \text{if} \) (閏). 02462 and 02465 should be moved back to the M-set in WS2015.

# **5 Characters with possible normalization issues and attributes:**

03408	育 T13-304B	Normalization	This character is not actually 六月 but a variant of 期.  The top part is semantically 亓, which is the classical form of 其.  Consider normalize to 冒亓月 to avoid the confusion of structure.
			It is the national/regional policy for TCA to not conduct normalization upon rare ideographs found in ancient scripts. However, the lack of normalization may lead to user confusion of the meaning of the character. The normalized form may also be found and unified to this character in the future, leading to discrepancy of glyph over different systems and a possible need to change the T-source glyph shape and mapping in the future.
			Another solution could be that TCA submit the normalized form with a virtual source such as T13N-304B, then unify the actual glyph shape as found in the source to the normalized character via IVD.
			Alternatively, TCA could also unify this character to 胥 (U+23361) and treat it as additional (minor) stroke. 胥 (U+23361) is the form which is found in 《集韻. 平聲. 之韻》, 《字彙. 月部》, 《玉篇. 月部. 期字》 and 《四聲篇海. 月部》, meanwhile 03408 is found in 《古文四聲韻. 平聲. 之韻》.
03550	于 中 T13-305D	Normalization	Bottom part may be normalized to 奴 instead of 艸. Same as above.

02229	<b>基</b> glyph	Misdesigned glyph, Attributes (Radical, SC, TC)	The four dots for fire should be centered under $\overline{\mathbb{R}}$ .  The four dots is an error "unsimplified" form of "—" and the original "—" repeated above it again. Therefore, the four dots should not stretch the whole character.  Radical = 64 $\pm$ ; SC = 10; TC = 13.
			Also refer to the evidence:

01954	汝	Misdesigned glyph / Normalization	This character is currently in the "Postponed" set.
	T13-2C56	/ Normalization	Consider changing glyph to follow the Kaishu form used by the original source:  ###    A
			滑盖



01973	T13-2C60	IDS	Change to □ 氵至
02719	T13-2F22	IDS	三大目

02650	T13-2E65	Radical	Radical 川 47, SC = 5.  This character is a variant of 泉 U+6CC9. Radical of 泉 U+6CC9 is water 水 so 02650 should use radical stream 川.
03334	<b>元</b> T13-303C	Radical	Radical ¬ 14; SC = 7.  Character is a variant of 冤 so the two dots do not belong to the top radical but are a deformation of the first two strokes of 兔.
03337	T13-303D	Radical	Radical 109 目. The character is a variant of 睪 (U+776A). Refer to the radical of 睪 (U+776A):  776A
03413	月E T13-304C	Radical	Radical 74 moon 月, IDS = □月巨.  According to the evidence, it is a variant of 昛. 日 and 月 radical are often interchanged, so it can be determined the correct radical is 月, not 肉.  Consider changing the glyph shape to use 月 instead of 凡. In Guwen Sisheng Yun, in the time it was composed in, 凡 and 月 are not distinguishing glyph shapes for moon or meat semantic. Therefore, the experts of TCA should not judge the radical via the modern orthographic conventions but also pay heed to the customs of that time.

03636	-11-11	Radical	Radical #37 大, SC = 12, FS = 1.
	<del>拜</del> T13-306C		This character is likely a 類化 from 規模 to use 夫 component instead of 木 radical. Therefore, we should use the 夫 component for choosing the radical.

### **Appendix I: Additional References for Unification.**

Examples of possible cases to be studied for unification, in the criteria mentioned in Section 1 Introduction above, are included below in random order.

It is not expected that a majority of them be unified in the time frame of WS2015. For the unifications of these glyphs/characters, careful consideration and discussion is needed by IRG to avoid over-unification beyond expectation of general use. At the same time, encoding too many variants may lead to user confusion and increased cyber-security risks such as domain phishing.

01929	和 T13-2C4A	Unification	6C23 气 846
01933	T13-2C4D	Unification	6C24 气 84.6

			Encoding via IVD seems a better choice.    Application
01934	T13-2C4E	Unification	6C24 气 84.6

			神別字新編 一国 取 淡水 和 元 平 面 繼王 他 電 報表 一 東 里 。 27)
01937	天 T13-2050	Unification	6C38 * 85.1

			本文章 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
01956	T13-2C5C	Unification	687C

01973	下 T13-2080	Unification	UNIFY to 涇 (U+6D87).  Suggest new UCV Rule 至 (U+2124A) = 巠 (U+5DE0)**  Existing Dis-unified: 至 (U+2124A) = 巠 (U+5DE0)** 輊 (U+4856) = 輕 (U+8F15) 経 (U+26007) = 經 (U+7D93) 蛭 (U+272BB) = 蛵 (U+86F5) □ (U+2D6E9) = 徑 (U+5F91)  ** 至 (U+2124A) is also an Old Hanzi variant of 基 (丌 (其) + 土)
02004	<b>消</b>	Unification	6EFF

			It is also a minor difference compared to the orange squared glyph variant, which is also substantially closer to 滿 U+6EFF.
02005	· 芝 T13-2067	Unification	6DC0 <sub>术 85.8</sub> 淀淀淀淀淀淀 Reconsider Unification to 淀 (U+6DC0) ② can be normalized to 定, reference Korea's Normalization Document for IRG. According to the evidence given by TCA, 02005 is the variant of 淀

			(U+6DC0).  See Also: 04650, 04753    170 阜
02011	注 T13-2C89	Unification	6D59

02036	713-2071	Unification	6DD1
02049	深 713-2072	Unification	6DF1
02050	<b>深</b>	Unification	Unify to 02049.    02049

When looking at the original Li-shu evidence, the difference between 02050 and 02049 seems very minor compared to the Song-ti form.

02051	<u>突</u>	Unification	3D31 水 85.10 次 GKX-0641.27 T3-423C IVD to 湊 (U+3D31). The right hand side is a corrupted form of 窉 (U+2594D).
02037	113-2075	Unification	6DC4
02044	为 T13-2076	Unification	6E24

			small dots, then it can be corrupted into 本. Writing characters containing 孛 as 孚 is rather common in Tang and Liao dynasty.
02030	713-2077	Unification	6E24
02045	<u>淮</u> T13-2C7B	Unification	6E96 水 85.10 集 準 準 準 G1-573C HB1-B7C7 T1-646D J0-3D60 K0-715E V1-5D26 Unify/IVD 準.  This character is from 墓誌, coudl the missing last stroke be due to taboo (避 諱)?
02055	<u>津</u>	Unification	23D9F 水 85.8

02061	清 T13-2021	Unification	6DC4 水 85.8
			貴 is a commonly seen variant of 甾. 邑史日, 邑史目, 邑史田, 邑史回, 邑史囬 are all variants of 甾.
			Existing dis-unified (1): 昔 (U+2514C)**
			** 貴 (U+2514C) is also corrupted form of 貴. To avoid confusion of "is the right hand side 貴 (gui4) or 甾 (zi1)", IVD to the respective normalized characters is proposed.
02058	注 T13-2022	Unification	6E5B 水 85.9 <u>港 港 港 港 港 港</u> GO-553F HB1-B4EF T1-6036 JO-4339 KO-5340 VO-3B4C UNIFY 港.
			The Songti transliteration is not completely accurate. Refer to submitted evidence below. 02058 and 湛 are both as similar to the evidence.

			本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本
02086	深 T13-2024	Unification	3D31 <sub>水 85.10</sub>
02073	T13-2025	Unification	6E9C 水 85.10 溜溜溜溜溜 G0-416F HB1-B7C8 T1-646E J0-4E2F K0-5736 6DC4 水 85.8 溜溜溜 (G0-574D HB1-B264 T1-5B69 J13-7671 K0-763E

			Unify to 溜 (U+6E9C) or IVD to 淄 (U+6DC4). 留 (U+3F5E) is a common variant form of 窗 (U+7559), while 窗 (U+7559) and 甾 (U+753E) are often written as 畄 (U+7544).
02087	浦 T13-2026	Unification	6EFF 水 85.11
02088	涤 T13-2027	Unification	6FA1
02082	<u></u> 第 T13-2028	Unification	6FC0 水 85.13 <u>冷</u>
02095	T13-2029	Unification	6DB6 <sub>★ 858</sub>

			Existing Disunified:
02097	) T13-202B	Unification	6F14
02100	<b>週</b> T13-202C	Unification	6F64 水 85.12

			"Error glyph" sourced from 碑別字新編
02159	<del>美</del> T13-2033	Unification	7078 火 86.3
02191	大字 T13-2038	Unification	241DA 火 86.5

02186	<u>執</u> T13-203E	Unification	70ED 火 86.6 大 GO-4848 IVD 热
02203	大阪 T13-2D43	Unification	70DF 火 86.6 以及
02246	打3-2D4B	Unification	7167 火 86.9 日子
02286	大架 T13-2065	Unification	71E6 火 86.13

02305	T13-2067	Unification	722B 爪 87.0
02311	<b>育</b> T13-2D6A	Unification	5BB5 + 40.7 宵宵宵宵 GO-4F7C HB1-AE64 T1-5528 JO-3E2C KO-6132 IVD宵(U+5BB5).
02332	<b>粉</b> T13-2060	Unification	7269 # 93.4
02334	<u> </u>	Unification	7272 # 93.5

			牛 is frequently miswritten as 爿. To avoid confusion, please do not disunify the corrupted forms from the correct form.  Also refer to 02332, 02334, 02342 where 牛 is miswritten as 爿.
02338	<b></b>	Unification	24D85 F 104.6 疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾疾病 U+24D85. Alternative transliteration of 疾 U+24D85 in 說文古文.  Also refer to 02339  90 并 疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾病疾
02342	<b>月</b> 自 T13-2062	Unification	7292 # 93.10
02362	<del>以</del> T13-2064	Unification	53CE 以 29.2 以

02375	713-2065	Unification	7272 # 93.5
02373	牧 T13-2066	Unification	72C0 犬 94.4
02381	<u>犂</u> T13-2067	Unification	7282 # 938 <b>犁 犂 犂 犂 犂</b> GE-326E H-FE51 T3-3D24 J0-6034 K2-4622 Unify 犂 (U+7282)
02389	<del></del>	Unification	72C0 大 94.4
02393	状 T13-206A	Unification	80B0

02400	<u>长</u> T13-2D6B	Unification	3E64 大 94.5
02404	交 T13-2D6E	Unification	72ED 大 94.6

			In original evidence, 02404 is rather similar to U+72ED 狭:  (大郭 [ ] ]  (大郭 [ ] ]  (大郭 [ ] ]
02431	<b>獨</b> T13-2072	Unification	7368 大 94.13 蛋蛋蛋蛋蛋蛋蛋蛋蛋蛋 IVD 獨  Terror glyph" is sourced from 偏類碑別字. Compared with other variants listed in the evidence, it seems likely strokes were ommitted for taboo. Suggest unification with 獨 (U+7368).

02448	<u> </u>	Unification	7389
02453	<b>珍</b> T13-207A	Unification	73CD
02457	T13-207B	Unification	73A8
02467	<u>H</u>	Unification	73ED

02461	<u>手毛</u> プレ T13-2D7E	Unification	73E1
02463	<u>手</u> T13-2E22	Unification	7687 自 106.4 皇皇皇皇皇皇 SO-3B4A HB1-ACD3 T1-5256 JD-3944 KO-7C55 V1-6025 IVD to皇(U+7687). Character is sourced from 偏類碑別字.
02472	班 T13-2E23	Unification	73ED ± 96.6 IVD to 班 (U+73ED).  In the original evidence, it looks like an extra stroke was added in error to 班. The middle component is not that similar to 夕.  The source of this glyph is also 金石文字辨異.
02471	<b>写礼</b> T13-2E24	Unification	73EE

			Unification Criteria: i. Differences of extra or reduced stroke or dot.
02475	<del>技</del> T13-2E26	Unification	73ED
02480	于 T13-2E28	Unification	7434
02481	<del>工工</del> 下13-2E29	Unification	7434
02487	天王 T13-2E3C	Unification	7434 ± 968

02491	<b>王幾</b> T13-2E2E	Unification	74A3
02505	T13-2E31	Unification	74DC 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜 瓜
02519	T13-2E33	Unification	751A # 99.4
02540	[ <b>H</b> ] T13-2E3B	Unification	753B 田 102.3

02548	T13-2E3D	Unification	7537 日 102.2 男男男男男男男 G0-4450 HB1-A86B T1-4B2E J0-434B K0-517B V1-5F4D IVD to 男 (U+7537)?
02549	尺 T13-2E3E	Unification	754F 田 102.4 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民 民
02557	里 713-2E42	Unification	661F
02564	当 T13-2£48	Unification	7576 □ 102.8
02574	果 T13-2£49	Unification	66B4 B 72.11 暴暴暴暴暴暴暴 G0-3129 HB1-BCC9 T1-6D33 J0-4B3D K0-786C V1-586B IVD 暴 (U+66B4) "error glyph" sourced from 偏類碑別字

02595	·	Unification	759A 广 1043 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次 次
02598	<b>六</b>	Unification	75C5 F 104.5 病病病病病病病 G0-3221 HB1-AF66 T1-5669 J0-4942 K0-5C3B V1-5F64 IVD to 病 (U+75C5).  An ancient Hanzi, 丙 is written without the top horizontal stroke. It should not be confused with 内 (inside). Suggest to IVD to 病 (U+75C5) to avoid confusion.
02617	<u>清</u>	Unification	75DB F 104.7 痛痛痛痛痛痛 GO-4D34 HB1-B568 T1-606E JD-444B KO-7754 V1-5F6A IVD痛 "error" glyph is sourced from 碑別字新編.

02614	済 T13-2E54	Unification	7620 F 104.10 <b>脊                                   </b>
02629	T1.3-2E56	Unification	7624 F 104.10
02635	元字 T13-2E5A	Unification	7656 F 104.13

02636	T13-2ESD	Unification	7645 F 104.12
02642	<del>交</del> T13-2E5F	Unification	7678 № 105.4
02644	<del>奖</del> T13-2860	Unification	7678 № 105.4

02646	<b>程</b> T13-2E62	Unification	5944 大 37.5
02647	T13-2863	Unification	767B № 105.7
02648	<b>交</b> T13-2E64	Unification	24F32 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以 以

			<ul><li>撤、横折鉤.</li><li>者子子</li></ul>
02652	T13-2E66	Unification	7687 自 106.4 皇皇皇皇皇皇皇 G0-3B4A HB1-ACD3 T1-5256 J0-3944 K0-7C55 V1-6025 IVD to 皇. Glyph is sourced from 漢隸字源
02655	T13-2E67	Unification	2690D 自 132.5 皇皇皇 UCS2003 GKX-1000.22 T6-4365 7687 自 106.4 皇皇皇皇皇 GO-3B4A HB1-ACD3 T1-5256 JD-3944 KD-7C55 V1-6025 IVD to 畠 (U+2690D) or 皇 (U+7687).
02661	<b>经</b> T13-2E68	Unification	667A 目 728 智智智智智智 UNIFY智.  Unification Criteria: i - Differences of extra or reduced stroke or dot.

02660	表表 T13-2669	Unification	66FF
02662	T13-2E6A	Unification	26918 自 132.9
02677	<b>執</b> T13-2E70	Unification	24FF9 皮 107.8 中央 107.8 中央 105.5553 Unify/IVD U+24FF9 報.  幸 (U+5E78) is modern form of 牵 (U+3694). Suggest add UCV Rule 幸 (U+5E78) = 卒 (U+3694) Existing Disunified: (examples) 幸 (U+5E78) = 卒 (U+3694)** 執 (U+57F7) = 執 (U+2163A) = 親 (U+21655) 報 (U+5831) = 報 (U+21648) 盭 (U+76ED) = 盭 (U+250CA) 氧 (U+25DE4) = 氧 (U+25DDA)  ** 幸 (U+5E78) is equivalent to 卒 (U+3694) only when pronounced as nie4. When pronounced as xing4, the meaning is different and it is non-cognate.

02685	T13-2E72	Unification	5B5F 子 39.5
02686	T13-2E73	Unification	76C1
02697	## T13-2E77	Unification	2505E
02698	T13-2E7A	Unification	76DB 点点 点点 点点 点点 点点 点点 点点 点点 以 108.6 以 108.6 以 108.6 以 10.4039 以

02801	<b>予支</b> T13-2F3C	Unification	229A7 支 625  UCS2003 GKX-041224 T6-313B  Reconsider IVD to 我 (U+229A7).   我 (U+229A7) is recorded in《玉篇》and《類篇》as 古文 of 矛, the former which predates 《四聲篇海》 by a few hundred years. Also, 《四聲篇海》 is authored in Jin Dynasty which is a non-Han regime, so a higher amount of variation in 《四聲篇海》 is expected.  Note: 戋 (U+2298D), is also a character head in 《四聲篇海》 as a variant of 斗.
02804	失 T13-2F3D	Unification	77E2
02817	大高 T13-2F41	Unification	77EF

			稿 (U+2482C) = 獢 (U+7362) 縞 (U+260E3) = 繑 (U+7E51) 翻 (U+2647D) = 翻 (U+4397) ಣ (U+27926) = 鱎 (U+46A9) 蹢 (U+280E7) = 蹻 (U+8E7B) 輻 (U+28384) = 轎 (U+8F4E) 輻 (U+2931A) = 轎 (U+97BD) 鰝 (U+29E99) = 鱎 (U+9C4E) 鶮 (U+2A118) = 鷮 (U+9DEE) Related: 02817, 03003, 04952, 04071 4 characters are pending in WS2015.
02849	<b></b>	Unification	Reconsider IVD to U+7834(破).  Left hand side is not 后, but 后 (U+25416), which is a variant of 召 (U+4096) = 石 (U+77F3).
02872	<b></b>	Unification	78EC

02909	<b> </b>	Unification	79C1 素 115.2 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私 私
02915	<u>花</u>	Unification	67E9
02917	<b>社</b> 713-2F51	Unification	7950 〒 113.5
02916	<b>洋</b> T13-2F52	Unification	7965 〒 113.6
02920	表 T13-2F54	Unification	683D
02925	活 113-2555	Unification	7950 <sup>未 113.5</sup>

			偏類碑別字
02921	13-24-25-26	Unification	795E 京 135 中

02943	<b>遊</b> T13-2PSC	Unification	904A
02944	<del>消</del> T13-2F5D	Unification	7A31 素 115.9 稱 稱 稱 稱 G1-3346 HB1-BAD9 T1-6A22 J0-634A K0-7660 V1-6141  IVD 稱 (U+7A31)?  碑別字新編
02947	元旨 T13-2FSF	Unification	798F 〒 113.9
02970	季 T13-2F86	Unification	79CA
02973	<del>有</del>	Unification	7A31 素 115.9 稱 稱 稱 稱 稱 G1-3346 HB1-BAD9 T1-6A22 J.0-634A K0-7660 V1-6141  Reconsider IVD to 稱.

			So many different variations in the source submitted by TCA:
			在
03039	<b>连</b> T13-2F7C	Unification	7A95 穴 116.6 完 定 定 定 定 定
			Existing Disunified Pairs:

			(All in Extension B)  世 (U+21275) = 兆 (U+5146)  벤 (U+20729) = 剕 (U+206EA)  摊 (U+22B39) = 挑 (U+6311)  星 (U+231B7) = 晁 (U+6641)  港 (U+23D27) = 洮 (U+6D2E)  朑 (U+2457F) = 朓 (U+24577)  킟 (U+247AF) = 狣 (U+72E3)  貤 (U+251AE) = 朓 (U+773A)  筳 (U+25B3B) = 箲 (U+7B44)  킟 (U+26389) = 洮 (U+436E)  ➡ (U+26A44) = 朓 (U+446C)  ➡ (U+27A19) = 誂 (U+8A82)  ➡ (U+28C76) = 朓 (U+28C75)  ➡ (U+292B2) = 輄 (U+9789)  9 new characters of such variation are pending in WS2015.
03082	<b>竟竟</b> T13-302C	Unification	7AF6 立 117.15 完完 完完 完完 完完 GI-3E3A HB1-C476 T1-7A23 JD-3625 KD-4C66 IVD 競
03149	T13-3035	Unification	6599 # 68.6 料料料料料料料料 GO-414F HB1-AEC6 T1-5568 JO-4E41 KO-5679 V1-5834  Reconsider IVD to 料 (U+6599)  The first two dots has been joined into a single stroke.  Glyph "error glyph" sourced from 金石文字辨異.

03240	T13-303B	Unification	6523
03344	妥 T13-303F	Unification	5195 □ 13.9 <b>晃 晃 晃 晃 晃 又 以</b> 514B K0-5874 V1-4C56 IVD to 冕?
03383	T13-3045	Unification	8053 耳 128.6
03490	正元 T13-304F	Unification	IVD to 04663?  Corrupted form of 04663.  Right hand side of 04663, 吕, is actually alternative form of 白, and not alternative form of 臣.  Note: This glyph is sourced form <偏類碑別字>

03551	美 T13-305E	Unification	5F1F 号 57.4 弟弟弟弟弟弟弟弟 Consider IVD to 弟 (U+5F1F).  This glyph is a glyph quoted by 《偏類碑別字》as an "別字" form of 弟. Suggest to IVD to 弟 (U+5F1F).
03553	<u> </u>	Unification	6B65 业 77.3 步步步步步步 G0-323D HB1-A842 T1-4A63 J3-7643 K0-5C46 V1-5B35 IVD步(U+6B65)  Consider IVD to步(U+6B65). This is a glyph in Li-shu form. According to the evidence provided by TCA, 止 has been corrupted to 兰. Therefore, suggest to IVD to步(U+6B65).

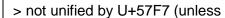
			神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神 神
03554	T13-3060	Unification	82FD # 140.5

03593	<b>竞</b> 交 <sub>713-3062</sub>	Unification	24F32 № 105.7
03594	芝 75	Unification	24F32 NUCS2003 GHZ-42761.03 T6-4868 IVD 發.  Rare "error" glyph sourced from 廣碑別字. Unification Criteria: Calligraphic simplification, similar shape (弓~了, 提 as a continuation of the 鉤)
03598	T13-3066	Unification	8449 # 140.9 葉葉葉葉葉 G1-5236 HB1-B8AD T1-6634 J0-4D55 K0-6728 V1-653B IVD 葉 (U+8449) Refer to evidence provided by TCA: Variant of 業; "業" 通 "葉". Removal of one stroke compared to 葉.

03610	读   T13-3068	Unification	767C № 105.7
03655	重 T13-306D	Unification	596E 大 37.13 奮奮奮奮奮 G1-375C HB1-BEC4 T1-704D J0-4A33 K0-5D47 V1-515A IVD to 奮.  Corrupted form of 奮, according to provided source (偏類碑別字).
03672	<b>達</b> T13-306F	Unification	5B7D 子 39.17
03777	<b>产</b> T13-3074	Unification	793C 素 1/3.1 えし えし えし えし えし れいのでは 1/4 according to evidence. Two extra strokes.

03803	113-3075	Unification	8914
03848	<u></u> 方言 <sub>T13-3078</sub>	Unification	23A0C <sub>万 78.7</sub> <u></u> <u> </u> <u> </u>
03854	言 <b>示</b> T13-307A	Unification	279CC
03954	谷 T13-307E	Unification	5BB9 + 40.7 容容容容容容容 GO-485D HB1-AE65 T1-5529 JO-4D46 KO-693B V1-5260 IVD to 容 (U+5BB9). Corrupted form of 容 (U+5BB9), according to provided source 廣碑別字.
03966	<u>经</u> T13-3122	Unification	767B <sup>78</sup> 105.7 <u> </u>

			Corrupted form of 登. The etymology of this character is two 止, not two hands (炽). Foot and Hand are often mixed up in vulgar variants.
03972	事 打13-3125	Unification	767B → 105.7  → 105
04003	<u></u> <b>東文</b> <sub>T13-3128</sub>	Unification	6557 支 66.7 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取 取
04000	T13-3129	Unification	771F 目 109.5 真真真真真真真真 S0-5566 HB1-AF75 T1-5678 J0-3F3F K2-4B27 V1-6041 IVD 真 Glyph sourced from 金石文字辨異
04250	辛丸 713-312E	Unification	57F7 ± 328 執 執 執 執 執 G1-5634 HB1-B0F5 T1-595A J0-3C39 K0-727B V1-5070 IVD to 執 (U+57F7). Discussion Record:



> additional examples found), irg47.

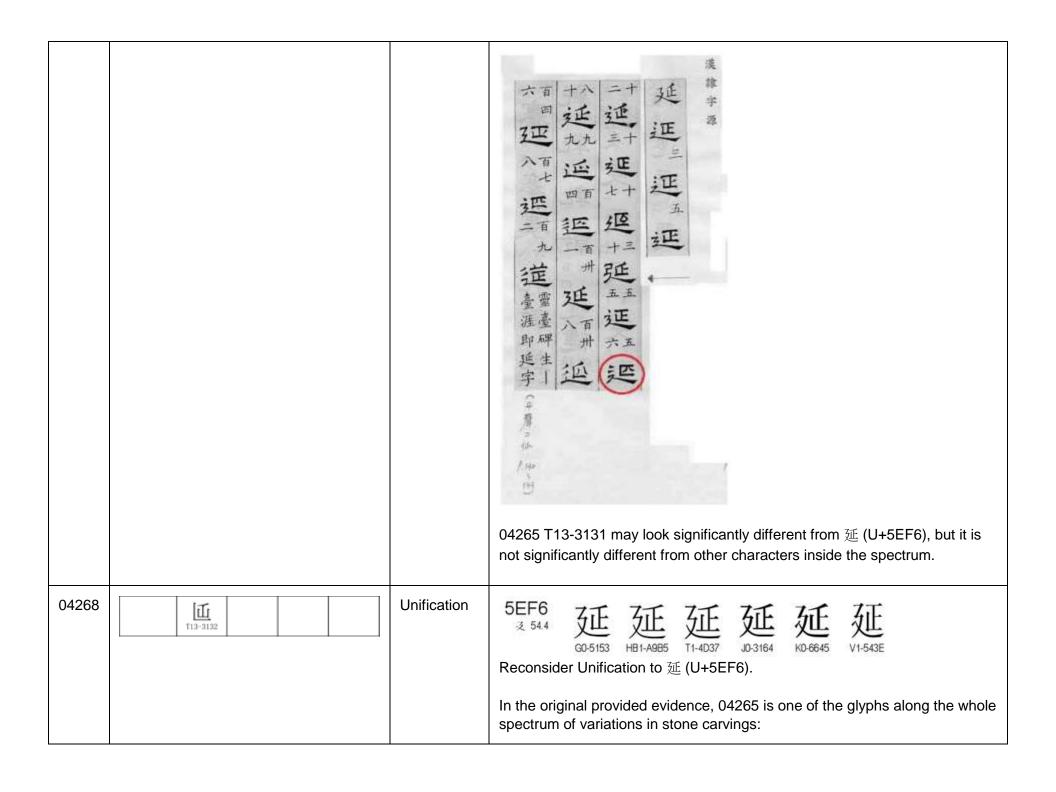
啈 (U+5548) is a specialized semantic variant of 哰 (U+3595) (in Kai-shu script) according to MOE Dictionary:



□辛艮 is a semantic variant of 報 (U+5831) (in Li-shu script) according to MOE Dictionary:



04251	<b>学</b> 尺 <sub>T13-312F</sub>	Unification	5831 ± 32.9 幸良 幸良 幸良 幸良 幸良 中 G1-3128 HB1-B3F8 T1-5E5E J0-4A73 K0-5C43 V1-5079 IVD to 報 (U+5831). Also refer to 04250.
04265	<u>完</u> <sub>713-3131</sub>	Unification	5EF6 2 54.4 延延延延延延延延延延 Reconsider Unification to 延 (U+5EF6).  In the original provided evidence, 04265 is one of the glyphs along the whole spectrum of variations in Li-shu:



			04268 T13-3132 may look significantly different from 延 (U+5EF6), but it is not significantly different from other characters inside the spectrum. Most notably, it seems like a abruptly written style of the other two variant glyphs circled in orange.
04654	T13-3146	Unification	28EF1

			補 (U+276B8) = 補 (U+4656) 柙 (U+2AC7D) = 棚 (U+68DA) 鵬 (U+29FFE) = 鵬 (U+9D6C) 坩 (U+212A4) = 堋 (U+580B)
02929	TC-7E51	Unification	7980 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票 票
01920	民 T13-2C47	Unification (Reference only)	6C10 F; 83.1 民 民 民 民 G0-5835 HB1-A5C2 T1-4662 J13-764F K1-6B5F  Consider IVD to 氐 (U+6C10).

01969	注   T13-2C58	Unification (Reference only)	6CBB 水 85.5 治治治治治治治 GO-564E HB1-AA76 T1-4E59 JO-3C23 KO-763D V1-5B7B IVD治(U+6CBB)
01982	注   T13-2062	Unification (Reference only)	6EC4 水 85.10
			(U+5009). Disunified:
02046	進   113-2070	Unification (Reference only)	6E96 水 85.10
02210	<u> </u>	Unification (Reference only)	52DE 力 19.10 学 学 学 学 学 学 G1-404D HB1-B3D2 T1-5E38 J0-5229 K0-564C V1-4D4C IVD 勞 (U+52DE)

02225	·	Unification (Reference only)	5A46
02490	<b>球</b>	Unification (Reference only)	2DE73
02497	<u></u>	Unification (Reference only)	7405 至 96.7

02634	<b>溶</b> T13-2E59	Unification (Reference only)	24EE3 F 104.14
02687	T13-2E74	Unification (Reference only)	5B5F 子 39.5
02689	T13-2E76	Unification (Reference only)	5B5F 子 39.5
02813	<b>失失</b> T13-2Fa0	Unification (Reference only)	65CF
02938	<b>注</b> T13-2P59	Unification (Reference only)	68FA * 75.8 棺棺棺棺棺棺棺 SO-3957 HB1-B4C3 T1-5F68 JO-343D KO-4E32 V1-5A35 IVD 棺碑別字新編

03159	### USATO4879 USATO4879	Unification (Reference only)	10   19   19   19   19   19   19   19
04289	<u>到</u> T13-3138	Unification (Reference only)	9061 全 162 10

			新
04358	T13-3142	Unification (Reference only)	9159 酉 164.4 百子 百子 百子 百子 百子 百子 1VD 酙 (U+9159) 斗 and 升 is similar in writing and often confused. See also: 05070, 03159, 01546
04711	生 T13-3149	Unification (Reference only)	552E
05499	<b>造文</b> T13-3158	Unification	2A5E1

			(2) ${\rm \pm}$ and ${\rm \pm}$ are existing rules in NUCV, but is the mass disunification of ${\rm \pm}$ and ${\rm \pm}$ really necessary?
04729	更 T13-314B	Unification (Reference only)	Corrupted Form
04723	<u>男</u> T13-314A	Unification (Reference only)	Corrupted Form
04294	<u></u> T13-3139	Unification (Reference only)	Alternative Transliteration
04277	T13-3135	Unification (Reference only)	5EFA ② 54.6 建建建建建建建建 GO-3D28 HB1-ABD8 T1-507A JO-377A KO-4B6F V1-5440 IVD to 建 (calligraphic simplification, L~3_)
04298	<u>浙</u>	Unification (Reference only)	65AD F 69.7 G0-364F IVD 断, calligraphic variation (注~上), extended enclosing shape
04304	<u>途</u> TI3-3I3E	Unification (Reference only)	IVD 奩, calligraphic variation (辶 ~ 匚), extended enclosing shape.

03968	<u> 美豆</u> T13-3124	Unification	77ED
03367	孝 T13-3044	Unification	5B5D 子 39.4 孝 孝 孝 孝 孝 G0-5022 HB1-A7B5 T1-4975 J0-3927 K0-7C78 V1-5241 IVD 孝.  Broken bent stroke. Character is sourced from 廣碑別字.
03342	算 T13-3040	Unification (Reference Only)	冥
02694	<u>外</u> T13-2E79	Unification	76CC 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如

			苑 (U+2B7CD) = 苑 (U+82D1)蕉 (U+2B814) = 鴛 (U+9D1B)恣 (U+2D725) = 怨 (U+6028)If this glyph is encoded as a character, confusion about its pronunciation and meaning may result.
02633	下 T13-2E58	Unification	Tourishing Disunified:  (U+7126)  (U+24299) = 焦 (U+7126)  (U+236D1) = 樵 (U+6A35)  (U+288D0) ~ 醮 (U+9DE6)  (U+288D0) ~ 醮 (U+91AE)**  ** not unifiable due to difference in relative position of components.
04805	便 T13-314E	Unification	9866 頁 181.12

			IVD.  Alternatively, suggest adding a new UCV rule: 隻 (U+24299) = 焦 (U+7126).  Existing Disunified: 隻 (U+24299) = 焦 (U+7126)  捷 (U+236D1) = 樵 (U+6A35)  载 (U+293F6) =
02596	· 疾 T13-2E4F	Unification	75BE F 1045 疾疾疾疾疾疾疾 G0-3C32 HB1-AF65 T1-5668 J0-3C40 K0-7270 V1-5F63 IVD to 疾 (U+75BE).  It is common for seal script and early regular script to transliterate 矢 into 夫 or 天. For encoding, it should be normalized to 矢 and hence unified with 疾 (U+75BE) via IVD.
02597	疾 T13-2E50	Unification	75BE F 104.5 疾疾疾疾疾疾疾 G0-3C32 HB1-AF65 T1-5668 J0-3C40 K0-7270 V1-5F63 IVD to 疾 (U+75BE). It is common for seal script and early regular script to transliterate 矢 into 夫 or 天. For encoding, it should be normalized to 矢 and hence unified with 疾 (U+75BE) via IVD.

03965	<del>其豆</del> T13-3123	Unification	77ED 短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短短
02615	罪 T13-2E53	Unification	75F1 F 104.8
02632	据 T13-2E5B	Unification	7658 「104.13

02640	TI3-2ESE	Unification	766C 广 104.17 解 解 解 解 解 G1-5122 HB1-C57E T1-7B6A JO-617D K0-6048  Unify to 癬 (U+766C)  Consider new UCV: 厂 (U+2456B) = 广 (U+7592) 疾 (U+2457A) = 疾 (U+75BE) 羅 (U+28FF3) = 雅 (U+24E30)
02276	点 T13-2054	Unification	71CE 火 86.12
03060	<b>資</b> T13-3026	Unification	7AC2 六 116.12
02245	<u>日名</u> T13-2D4A	Unification	7167 火 86.9

02184	<u>烙</u> TC-6964	Unification (Reference only)	70A4 火 86.5 / 招 / 招 / 招 / 招 / 招 / 招 / 招 / 招 / 图 GE-315E HB1-ACB7 T1-523A J13-7746 K0-613F V1-5D78 IVD to 炤 (U+70A4) Corrupted form of 炤 (U+70A4).
02561	出 GRZECZE71B. 11 T13-2E44	Unification	To So (So 4174 HBI-AF64 TI-5667 JO 4E31 KO 573A VI-5F50 Unify to 留 (U+7559)  处 (U+21585) can be both variant of 夗 (U+5917) or variant of top of 留 (U+7559).  Existing Coded Characters where 02561 is Variant of 留 (U+7559): 審 (U+259E0) = 窗 (U+259E5)  Existing Coded Characters where 夗 (U+21585) is Variant of 夗 (U+5917): ϒ (U+21585) = 夗 (U+5917)
02131	派 T13-2030	Unification	6FC2 水 85.13

			Propose new UCV rule
			Disunified cognates:
			□ (U+2D4A1) = 嫌 (U+5ACC)
			□ (U+2E248) = 縑 (U+7E11)
			□ (U+2E639) = 謙 (U+8B19)
			廉 (U+3898) = 廉 (U+5EC9) 燫 (U+24459) = 燫 (U+71EB)
			Refer to: 03476, 02131, 03021, 04036, 04186
02553	<b>红</b> T13-2E43	Unification	7559 田 102.5 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日
			3F5C 夕巳 夕巳 夕巳 日日
			Unify to 留 (U+7559) or 留 (U+3F5C).
			Difference in joining of strokes (joining on the left underside vs joining on the top upperside).
			卯 is sometimes written as 夘.
			Single Disunified Example in URO: 栁 U+6801 = 柳 U+67F3
			Related Characters in WS2015: 04157,04929,02553,03032,00432,04837

Propose to add new (N)UCV Rule 奇 = 竒  竒 (U+7AD2) = 奇 (U+5947) 嵜 (U+5D5C) = 嵜 (U+37E2) 﨑 (U+FA11) = 崎 (U+5D0E) 侉 (U+202E3) = 倚 (U+501A) 掎 (U+22C24) = 掎 (U+638E) 欹 (U+238F1) = 欹 (U+6B39) 琦 (U+249BA) = 琦 (U+7426) 碕 (U+2550E) = 碕 (U+7895) 竒 (U+25ABC) = 碕 (U+7BBA) 绮 (U+28A86) = 绮 (U+7DBA) 绮 (U+28D4E) = 閝 (U+28D64) □ (U+2BAC0) = 埼 (U+20D47) □ (U+2BB8D) = 埼 (U+57FC)	02052	) 713-827E	6E0F 水 85.8
	02382	学 <u>立</u> T13-2068	7284 # 93.8 特特特特 GD-6A77 HB1-B551 T1-6057 J1-4A66 K2-4623 UNIFY特(U+7284)
	02572	<b>田</b> 子 T13-2844	7578 田 102.8
□ (U+2C0EA) = 椅 (U+6905) □ (U+2D503) = 寄 (U+5BC4) □ (U+2D8FF) = 敧 (U+6567) □ (U+2D943) = 旖 (U+65D6) □ (U+2DE1F) = 猗 (U+7317) □ (U+2DF1D) = 琦 (U+3FA8) □ (U+2E629) = 裿 (U+46F4) □ (U+2EA8D) = 騎 (U+9A0E)	02080	) TD-7Ad5	23E88 水 85.10

## [Section 6B]

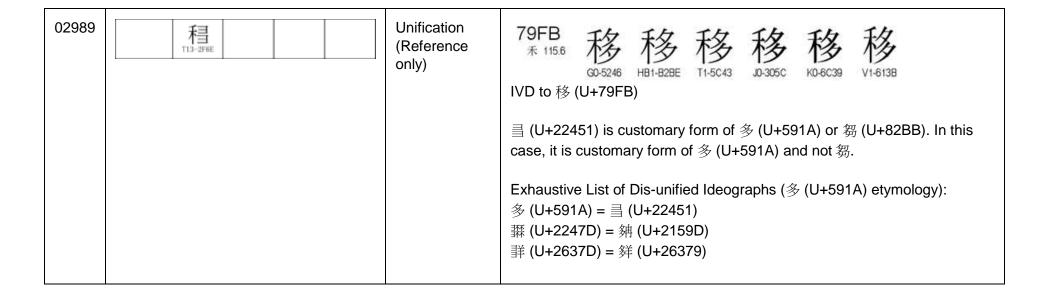
There is only one existing dis-unification example of  $\Box \Box \pm$  from  $\Box \pm \pm$ :

There are currently at least 8 disunified ideographs between  $\equiv$  and  $\Im$ , and 20 disunified ideographs between  $\equiv$   $\pm$  and  $\Xi$ .  $\Xi$  can also be customarily written as  $\Xi$   $\Xi$   $\Xi$ ,  $\Xi$   $\Xi$ ,  $\Xi$   $\Xi$ ,  $\Xi$ . If possible, IRG should avoid encoding yet another possible permutation.

## Examples of permutations:



02195	大量 T13-2039	Unification	717C 火 86.10 <b>海 海</b> G5-5146 H-8FDD T3-476F Consider IVD to IVD 煼.
02196	<b>夏</b> T13-203A	Unification	2433D 火 86.10
02667	E皮 T13-2E6C	Unification	24FEE
02673		Unification	2DF72 皮 107.10 皮 KC-05449 Consider IVD to □ (U+2DF72).
02680	<b></b>	Unification (Reference only)	76BA <u>象</u>



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Disclaimer: The review is conducted on the best of my knowledge, referencing the materials provided by the submitters and by conducting some research by my own. I have tried to ensure its correctness but there is no guarantee it will be free from error.

Since characters from a single member body's collection are usually from a defined set of sources, and it is better to find potentially unifiable variants by considering the context of the characters, the characters in WS2015 were mainly reviewed on a source-by-source basis. Due to personal time constraints, the first review report was published on 2017/09/11 covering mostly regarding characters in HYDZD (PRC), and the additional review could only be finished on 2017/10/13 regarding TCA characters. The two reports by no intentions whatsoever to pick on PRC or TCA.